Medical Chronology/Summary

Confidential and privileged information

Usage guideline/Instructions

*Verbatim summary: All the medical details have been included "word by word' or "as it is" from the provided medical records to avoid alteration of the meaning and to maintain the validity of the medical records. The sentence available in the medical record will be taken as it is without any changes to the tense.

*Case synopsis/Flow of events: For ease of reference and to know the glimpse of the case, we have provided a brief summary including the significant case details.

*Injury report: Injury report outlining the significant medical events/injuries is provided which will give a general picture of the case.

*Comments: We have included comments for any noteworthy communications, contradictory information, discrepancies, misinterpretation, missing records, clarifications, etc for your notification and understanding. The comments will appear in red italics as follows: "*Comments".

*Indecipherable notes/date: Illegible and missing dates are presented as "00/00/0000" (mm/dd/yyyy format). Illegible handwritten notes are left as a blank space "_____" with a note as "Illegible Notes" in heading reference.

*Patient's History: Pre-existing history of the patient has been included in the history section.

*Snapshot inclusion: If the provider name is not decipherable, then the snapshot of the signature is included. Snapshots of significant examinations and pictorial representation have been included for reference.

*De-Duplication: Duplicate records and repetitive details have been excluded.

General Instructions:

- The medical summary focuses on Motor vehicle collision on 03/23/YYYY, the injuries and clinical condition of XXXX as a result of accident, treatments rendered for the complaints and progress of the condition.
- Initial and final therapy evaluation has been summarized in detail. Interim visits have been presented cumulatively to avoid repetition and for ease of reference.
- Prior visits for other medical conditions have been included in brief for reference.

Injury Report:

DESCRIPTION	DETAILS
Prior injury details	12/27/YYYY-Low back pain- Lifting concrete bird bath
	07/12/YYYY: Slip and fall- Chest wall pain
	06/05/YYYY: Trip and fall- Left shoulder injury, Left humeral neck fracture
	02/14/YYYY- Motor vehicle accident- Neck pain- Cervical sprain, Mild C5-6 degenerative disk disease, Left cubital tunnel syndrome, Left elbow medial epicondylitis
Date of injury	MM/DD/YYYY
Description of	She was involved in a motor vehicle collision. She was at a complete
injury	stop with her head turned to the left checking for traffic when an
	automobile rear-ended her. She states that her head was turned so when
	she was hit it caused her neck to jerk. The airbags were not deployed.
	Immediately she states that she experienced neck pain. She also complains of a left aided headache, left ear pain but denies dizziness
Injuries as a result	Closed injury of head
of accident	Injury of neck
	Posttraumatic headache
	Left apical radiation fibrosis and of left upper lung
	Cervicalgia
	Cervical radiculopathy
	Displacement of cervical intervertebral disc without
	myelopathy: Other cervical disc displacement, unspecified
	cervical region
Treatments	Pain medications
rendered	Medrol Dosepak
	Physical therapy: 04/05/YYYY-10/18/YYYY
	Modification of pillow arrangement
Condition of the	As of 05/13/YYYY, She stated that she had constant neck pain that
patient as per the	radiated to both shoulders and right elbow, she was unable to have
last available record	therapy due to increase pain, and she wanted to discuss Celebrex and
	another referral for therapy. Her pain level was rated 7-9/10 with a sharp
	and aching quality. She said it improves with rest, heat or ice and sitting
	makes her pain worse.

Patient History

Past Medical History: History of adverse reactions to anesthesia. History of chemotherapy to breast cancer and osteopenia. *Pdf ref:* 286. History of menopause, depression, stress at work. *Pdf ref:* 22

Surgical History: History of tylectomy, elbow surgery. *Pdf ref: 142*. History of tonsillectomy/adenoids, Appendectomy. *Pdf ref: 286*

Family History: History of Malignant hyperthermia in brother, history of stroke in paternal grandfather and history of hypertensive disorder in paternal uncle. *Pdf ref:* 286. History of mother died of septic shock, Father died in Accident in his 40's, history of brother dies of pancreatic cancer at 45 years, Brother died in motor vehicle collision in 20's. *Pdf ref:* 22

Social History: History of former smoker and occasional alcohol intake. *Pdf ref*: 286. History of 3/wine with moderate alcohol use. *Pdf ref*: 22

Allergy: History of allergic to Demerol and Percocet. Pdf ref: 285

Detailed Summary

DATE	FACILITY/	MEDICAL EVENTS	PDF REF	MEDICAL
	PROVIDER			BILLS
		Prior medical records		
12/27/YYYY	Hospital/ Provider	Office visit: History of present illness: This 50 year old right handed woman comes for severe low back pain present over the past week after picking up a concrete bird bath. Aggravated further by continuing yard work with raking. She has not really had prior back problems and she has been in a fair bit of misery radiating into the buttocks. Taking Advil and limping around on crutches. No bowel or bladder dysfunction. No lasting numbness or radicular type complaints and her general health has been notable for breast cancer treated five years ago with surgery, chemotherapy, and radiation and no known residual disease. Baseline medications are Femara, Fosamax, and the more recent Advil. She is intolerant of Demerol or Percocet, Enjoys social alcohol is not a smoker. Denies other relevant put history or family history or other surgery. Physical examination: She is 5'9, about 175 pounds. In significant discomfort. Guards lumbar motion and moves very slowly. There is marked tenderness in the lower lumbar spine extending into the buttocks. Tension signs are negative. Hip motion is well preserved, although reproduce her back pain. Reflexes are absent and symmetrical at the knees, active and symmetrical at the ankles. Good distal strength. Normal pulses and normal subjective sensation. Imaging: X-rays of the lumbar spine in two view, obtained in the office today and reviewed by me demonstrate a curvature on the AP which may be postural. A small spina bifida occult at S1, but generally well preserved disk spaces with no erosions or fractures. Impression: Acute lumbar strain Disposition: We have considered the possibility of a bulging or	217, 611	N/A
		herniated disk, but I think there is room for conservative care here.	1	

DATE	FACILITY/ PROVIDER	MEDICAL EVENTS	PDF REF	MEDICAL BILLS
01/04/YYYY		I have recommended rest for a couple <i>of</i> day, heat or ice, whichever feels better, Good supportive shoes, avoiding bending, stooping, lifting. We will change medications to Celebrex, Flexeril, and Darvocet with precautions and add some formal physical therapy but if not satisfactorily better over the coming weeks, lumbar MRI would be appropriate. *Related records: pdf ref: 604-610, 599, 613-616, 619 *Initial physical therapy evaluation: (Poor quality records)	596-597,	N/A
01/04/ Y Y Y Y	Hospital/ Provider	Subjective Mechanism of injury: Insidious Date of accident: 12/22/YYYY Current history: Patient lifted concrete bird bath and tuned afterwards pain Objective: Gait: gait Range of motion Flexion: 20, painful Extension Assessment: Pain Decreased function, strength, ROM Poor posture Not independent with HEP Out of work Plan: Passive ROM/ stabilization Electrical stimulation Therapeutic exercises HEP/Education Return to work Related records: pdf ref:600	596-597, 594	N/A
01/06/YYYY - 01/12/YYYY	Hospital/ Provider	Summary of interim physical therapy visits: (Poor quality records) Date of visits: 01/06/YYYY, 01/08/YYYY, 01/10/YYYY, 01/12/YYYY Patient states she still, having lot of pain on sitting and is most comfortable in supine position Objective:	592, 598, 586, 583	N/A

DATE	FACILITY/ PROVIDER	MEDICAL EVENTS	PDF REF	MEDICAL BILLS
		Area treated: Lumbar spine		
		Hot/ cold pack		
		Ultrasound		
		Therapeutic exercises		
		•		
		Assessment:		
		Patient tolerated the exercises well		
		Plan: Continue with current plan of care		
		* Reviewer's Comments: Only the initial and final visits have been		
		elaborated. Interim visits have been presented cumulatively to		
		avoid repetition and for ease of reference.*	211.750	77/1
01/18/YYYY	Hospital/	Follow-up visit:	216, 578	N/A
	Provider			
		History of present illness : Patient returns a month into her		
		episode reporting the severe pain has backed off a bit, Therapy has		
		been somewhat helpful. Celebrex has been somewhat helpful. but		
		i:he continues to have severe pain when sitting and feels ready to		
		advance to MRI		
		Physical examination: She continues to guard lumbar motion		
		severely. Tenderness is maximal in the lower lumbar spine and		
		right buttock. She still has pain on tension signs and other than		
		symmetrical hyporeflexia, no focal deficits.		
		Imaging: X-rays are not repeated.		
		Impression: Lumbar strain with partial response to conservative		
		care. Possible bulging or herniated disc.		
		care. I ossiole outgang of hermated disc.		
		Disposition: She may continue that therapy and the Celebrex, We		
		will advance to lumbar MRI with definitive recommendations		
		thereafter.		
01/19/YYYY	Hospital/	Final physical therapy visit: (Poor quality records)	575	N/A
	Provider	F 7 22222 (2.202)		
	Tiovidei	Subjective: Patient has better		
	,			
		Objective:		
		Area treated: Lumbar spine		
		Hot/ cold pack		
		Ultrasound		
		Therapeutic exercises		
		Assessment:		
		Plan: Continue with current plan of care.		
01/20/YYYY	Hospital/	MRI of lumbar spine without contrast:	574	N/A
01/20/1111	i 110spitai/	MICE OF THINDAL SPINE WITHOUT COULT AST.	317	11/13

DATE	FACILITY/ PROVIDER	MEDICAL EVENTS	PDF REF	MEDICAL BILLS
	Provider			DILLS
	110 11001	History: Lumbar radiculopathy		
		Findings: The conus terminates normally behind L1 with normal signal and There is disc desiccation at all levels with loss of disc space height at L1-2, L4-5 and L5-S1		
		The vertebral body heights and remainder of the disc space heights are well maintained as well as alignment		
		L1-2: Minimal disc bulge. No significant central canal or neural foraminal narrowing. Mild facet arthropathy		
		L2-3: Facet arthropathy. Otherwise unremarkable		
		L3-4: Facet arthropathy. Otherwise unremarkable		
		L4-5: Broad-based concentric disc bulge with facet arthropathy. No significant central canal narrowing. There is mild to moderate right neural foraminal narrowing and left neural foraminal narrowing. Please clinically correlate for possible bilateral L4 nerve root radiculopathy		
		L5-S1: Broad-based concentric disc bulge with facet arthropathy. No significant central canal narrowing		
		Impression: • Multilevel degenerative disc disease as described most significant at L4-5 with possible bilateral nerve root encroachment. Please clinically co-relate as theappears to be preserved bilaterally on axial T1 imaging • Multilevel facet arthropathy		
01/25/YYYY	Hospital/	Follow-up visit:	572	N/A
	Provider	History of present illness: Patient returns reporting slow gradual progress. She has been unable to really perform any of her normal activities. Even getting dressed or feeding the dogs will aggravate her. She has not been back to work and although it is office type duties it aggravates her when she sits for a long time		
		Physical examination: Physical exam reveals she ambulates smoothly but guard's lumbar motion still. Tension signs cause her back pain but no leg symptoms and there are no neurologic deficits with symmetrical hyporeflexia but normal subjective sensation and good distal strength		
		Imaging: Lumbar MRI since last visit demonstrates multilevel		

DATE	FACILITY/ PROVIDER	MEDICAL EVENTS	PDF REF	MEDICAL BILLS
		degenerative changes with minimal risk bulging. Multilevel facet arthropathy but no clear but stenosis. There may be some foraminal stenosis but certainly no obviously crushed nerves. Disposition: We have reviewed the implications of her scan in some detail and I have referred her to Dr. Sean or chambers for consideration of injection therapy, either epidural and or facet injections. I do not consider her totally disabled and she should be safe to work as long as there is no heavy bending, stooping and or lifting. <i>Related records: Pdf ref: 573</i>		
01/31/YYYY	Hospital/ Provider	Follow-up Visit: History of present illness: Patient is a 51 year old woman who lifted a concrete bird bath on 12/18/YYYY and developed back pain. Her symptoms are worse when sitting and improve when lying down. She has been treated with a short course of rehabilitation as well as oral NSAIDS and Darvocet. Overall she has improved, But she is still having low back pain. There is no pain, numbness or tingling in either lower extremity. Bowel and bladder function are normal. Physical examination: Lumbosacral posture is normal when standing. Motion is full with forward flexion, extension and bilateral side bending. Back pain increases at the end range of forward flexion. Root tension signs are negative seated and supine. Strength is 5/5 through the lower extremity major motor groups. Sensory exam is intact to light touch in L2 through S1 dermatome on both sides. Patellar and Achilles reflexes are 2+ and symmetrical. Hip joint range of motion is full and without pain on both sides. Patrick's test is negative. In the prone position mild tenderness is present in the lumbosacral paraspinals to palpation. Upon inspection there is no evidence of skin changes or gross skeletal deformity Radiographs: A lumbar MRI on 01/YYYY indicates multilevel degenerative disk disease at L1-2, L4-5 and L5-S1. Most significant level appears to be L4-5. There is right greater than left foraminal encroachment secondary t broad based disk bulge and facet joint arthropathy. There is facet joint arthropathy also at L1-2, L4-5 and L5-S1.	569-570	N/A
		Multilevel lumbar degenerative disk disease Multilevel lumbar spondylosis		

DATE	FACILITY/ PROVIDER	MEDICAL EVENTS	PDF REF	MEDICAL BILLS
03/09/YYYY	FACILITY/ PROVIDER Hospital/ Provider	Recommendations: She is going to return for rehabilitation services to the lumbar spine. Her previous visits so rehabilitation were prior to Definitive diagnosis was made and therefore she was approached in a general manner in terms of rehabilitation efforts. She was given a prescription today and interventions were fined tuned based on MRI findings Continue with Celebrex and a refill was written for her to use 200mg, ne PO qd or bid as needed, # 60 without refills Recheck in one month Related records: Pdf ref: 565-568, 571 Follow-up Visit: History of present illness: Patient returns today in follow up doing much better after working with Jim Lewis at physiotherapy and Associates in Alpharetta. She is especially pain free. She has times where the pain increases and this responds to exercise. She sits quite a bit at work and need to remind herself to get up periodically. She is using the Celebrex very rarely now. She is independent with her home program. Physical examination: Exam reveals normal posture, full painless motion of the lumbosacral spine in all directions. Root tension signs are negative in both legs. Strength and sensation are normal in both lower extremities. The patella and Achilles reflexes are unobtainable in both legs Impression: lumbosacral spondylosis lumbar sprain Recommendations: She is for the most part pain free at this time and independent with her home program	PDF REF 560	MEDICAL BILLS
		 She will be discharged from routine follow up and is certainly welcome to follow up on an as needed basis as symptoms warrant She asked if she has any exacerbation could she simply return to see Jim for one or two visit for rehabilitation to get things back on track and tis would be appropriate if her symptoms have not changed significantly 		
04/15/YYYY	Hospital/	Related records: Pdf ref: 561-562 Mammogram- bilateral:	214	N/A
	Provider			

DATE	FACILITY/ PROVIDER	MEDICAL EVENTS	PDF REF	MEDICAL BILLS
		Comparison: 03/20/YYYY and 03/17/YYYY Findings: Post lumpectomy changes in the medial left with a moderate amount or fibro glandular density in both breasts, and the occasional punctate benign calcification in the left are stable, No suspicious mass, distortion, or micro calcification cluster is identified to suggest malignancy.		
01/06/YYYY	Hospital/ Provider	Impression: No change to suggest malignancy or recurrence. Bone densitometry: History: 53 year old who is post-menopausal and takes bisphosphonates. The patient has a history of breast cancer Comparison: 10/17/YYYY and 02/11/2004 Findings: The T score of the lumbar spine us -0.9, previously -0.8 and -1.1. The T-score of the total proximal femur is -1.5, previously -1.3 and -1.5. the T-score of the femoral neck is -1.8, previously -1.6	197-212	N/A
03/24/YYYY	Hospital/ Provider	Impression: Osteopenia Office Visit: HPI: follow up on bronchitis Assessment: Acute bronchitis Plan: Ambien 10mg 1 tab QHS/ HS, 30 tab, 03/24/YYYY, no refill. Active	191-192	N/A
03/24/YYYY	Hospital/ Provider	X-Ray of chest: History: 54-year-old female with cough. History of left breast cancer. status post radial ion to the left chest Comparison: The 2006 chest radiograph is not available for direct comparison. This will be requested. Once it becomes available, an addendum will be added to this report. Findings: The cardiac silhouette is normal In size. There are no mediastinal or hilar contour abnormalities. Surgical clips project over the left axilla. There is pleural parenchymal thickening seen at the left lung apex which is likely related to prior radiation. On the lateral view, there is a 1.8 cm nodular opacity which projects over the upper lobes near the apices. No clear correlate is iden1ilied on the frontal view. Negative for focal consolidation, edema, pleural effusion and pneumothorax. Mild degenerative	190	N/A

DATE	FACILITY/ PROVIDER	MEDICAL EVENTS	PDF REF	MEDICAL BILLS
		changes are noted in the spine.		
		Impression: 1 .8 cm nodular opacity seen on the lateral view only.		
		Recommend comparison to the 2006 examination. If this finding represents as significant change, recommend CT of the chest to		
00/01/03/03/04	TT 1. 1/	evaluate for a parenchymal nodule.	100 100	NY/A
03/31/YYYY	Hospital/ Provider	Progress Notes:	188-189	N/A
		Chief complaint: She presents to the clinic for follow-up of Malignant Neoplasm Breast Nos- 1749. Under management		
		according to NCCN and ASCO guidelines The patient presents for re-evaluation of therapy and/or disease related problems.		
		Assess: Stage IIA left breast cancer.		
		Plan: s/p -4 yrs. of Tamoxifen and 5 yrs. Femara.		
		Assess: Osteopenia Plan: Continue Fosamax, calcium, Vit D.		
04/20/YYYY	Hospital/	Plan: RTC in one year for tabs and to see Dr. Galleshaw Digital screening mammogram with CAD:	186-187	N/A
	Provider			
		Clinical history: No current breast symptoms reported. History of breast cancer on the left with lumpectomy radiation and		
		chemotherapy		
		Impression: Parenchymal changes left breast consistent with history of left breast cancer compared to the prior study, there has		
09/14/YYYY	Hognital/	been no significant interval change Follow-up visit:	106-107	N/A
09/14/1111	Hospital/ Provider		100-107	IN/A
		HPI: The patient is a 55 year old female who presents for follow-up of hypertension. Overall the patient is doing well. The patient		
		blood pressure has been well-controlled. The patient has been		
		compliant with their medications and there have been no side effects.		
		Assessment and plan: Hypertension		
		Plan:		
		Well controlledContinue current meds		
		Check lytes		
09/14/YYYY	Hospital/ Provider	Follow-up visit:	105	N/A
	Flovidei	Assessment and plan: Influenza, need for prophylactic vaccine		

DATE	FACILITY/ PROVIDER	MEDICAL EVENTS	PDF REF	MEDICAL BILLS
	1110 (1211			21220
09/22/YYYY	Hospital/	Plan: immunization: Flu vaccine X-Ray of chest:	184	N/A
09/22/1111	Hospital/ Provider	A-Ray of thest.	104	IN/A
	Trovider	Heart normal, Lungs well expanded and clear. History/ comments noted. No prior films for review.		
		1.8 x 4.5 cm density extreme left apex; no associated calcification or rib erosion/periosteal reaction. Possible additional vaguer, subtle density beneath medial aspect left clavicle and some upward retraction of left hilum.		
		No effusion, other peripheral nodules, or effusion. Concern for Pan coast among other etiologies; cross		
		sectional evaluation planned; discussed via telephone with Dr. Pepper 9/25/10 at 10:50 a.m.		
10/21/YYYY	Hospital/ Provider	Follow-up visit:	183	N/A
		History: Patient is a 55 Yo female who comes in for evaluation of a sinus infection that she has had for a couple of weeks. She has had facial pressure, pain, nasal congestion, and headache. She has a history of sinus infections in the past. She is SIP surgery, chemotherapy and radiation for breast cancer a couple of		
		years ago. She has drainage down her throat and a cough. She drinks water all night long and goes through several bottles a night, but wakes up with a dry throat in the morning. She drinks a lot of water during the day. She is on Lisinopril for high blood pressure. She will take a social glass of wine. She denies tobacco use. She is allergic to Demerol and other narcotic medications.		
		Examination: A comprehensive head and neck examination was		
		performed. Nose: Shows a deviated nasal septum antero inferiorly rightward.		
		There is no evidence of masses, polyps, or infection. Ears: TMs and canals are clear.		
		OC/OP: Clear. Tonsils are surgically absent.		
		Neck: Benign without adenopathy		
		Impression:		
		Deviated nasal septum.		
		Probable chronic sinusitis.		
		Plan:		
		She has been taking Augmentin without significant improvement		
		but I will have her Continue this and add a Medrol Dosepak.		
		Sample of Nasacort.		
		CT sinuses in 2-3 weeks.		

DATE	FACILITY/ PROVIDER	MEDICAL EVENTS	PDF REF	MEDICAL BILLS
		Follow-up with me after the CT scan. I will discuss septoplasty down the line.		
10/28/YYYY	Hospital/	Follow-up Visit:	103-104	N/A
	Provider			
		History of Present Illness: Patient's words: Patient here for nasal congestion, fatigue for 2 weeks		
		Patient complains of about 10 days of nasal congestion, green drainage down the throat, slightly productive cough. Started after she cleaned out a box in the garage. Felt achy all over when it began. Took Amoxicillin 875 mg BID x 7 days (had it at home already but saw ENT, Dr. Robb, who examined her and recommended Mucinex DM and continuing antibiotic, which she finished 10/25/10) Nasal congestion better now but still persists. Clear mucus only. Cough minimal. Slight ear fullness today. No sinus pain or headache. No fever/chills. Patient has not been taking OTC cold meds since then, except Afrin 1 spray every other day or so. Low energy for 2 weeks. Had cold sore 4-5 days ago; now resolved. Used to take Zovirax 400 mg BID for a few		
		Assessment & Plan: URI/Upper respiratory infections Feel bacterial infection has been treated. No antibiotic necessary. Not taking OTC meds to help symptoms of URI, so suggested Mucinex regular strength 2 tabs BID with plenty of fluids, prn congestion. Will give sample of Astepro nasal spray, 1 spray in each nostril q day-BID prn allergy/nasal congestion. Call in 3-5 days if symptoms worsen or persist. BP slightly elevated today- think probably related to caffeine consumption. Pt. advised to avoid decongestants. Herpes simplex, uncomplicated Treatment outbreaks of cold sores with Zovirax.		
02/10/YYYY	Hospital/ Provider	Follow-up Visit: Office visit: Bonnie comes in for evaluation of an acute sinus infection. She was taking Mucinex and her throat was very sore. She had facial pressure, her teeth hurt and she has had facial pressure and pain, malaise, cough, and nasal congestion. She has had a cough to the point where her stomach hurts, She has had a fever to 100-dcgrees. She had something like this in October, 2010. We called in Cipro on February 7, 2011. I added a Medrol Dosepak yesterday or the day before, but she didn't take it because the pharmacist told her it can increase the effects of tendon damage or rupture. She has a history of left breast cancer S/P surgery and radiation.	182	N/A

DATE	FACILITY/ PROVIDER	MEDICAL EVENTS	PDF REF	MEDICAL BILLS
02/22/YYYY	Hospital/	Impression: Acute pan sinusitis. Follow-up visit:	101-102	N/A
02/22/1111	Hospital/ Provider	ronow-up visit.	101-102	IV/A
	Tiovidei	History of present illness:		
		Patient words: On 2/4 she woke up with rhinitis and sinus		
		pressure. She saw Dr. Robb, she took Cipro and steroids. She is		
		still feeling congested. There is a lot of dust in her house with remodeling going on at home and she feels this is worsening her		
		congestion also. The yellow mucus she had initially has improved.		
		She took Mucinex also for a while and she stopped that. She is		
		still having fatigue, congestion, and dry throat She has had more		
		allergies over the past few years. She also has a new dog and she		
		might be allergic to the dog.		
		Assessment: Sinusitis, chronic nec		
03/08/YYYY	Hospital/	Telephone Conversation:	100	N/A
	Provider			
		Assessment & Plan: Acute sinusitis, unspecified		
		Current Plans: Augmentin 875-12SMG, 1 Tablet two times		
		daily, #20, 10 days starting 03/08/YYYY, No Refill. Active.		
03/30/YYYY	Hospital/	Progress Notes:	180-181	N/A
	Provider			
		Chief complaint:		
		Patient presents to the clinic for follow-up of Malign neoplasm Breast Nos 1749 Stage II N1 M0		
		The patient presents for reevaluation or therapy and/or disease		
		related problems.		
		MDV 61 6 1 11 61 1 4 15 65 1 11/00		
		HPI: She feels well. She completed 5 years of Femara in 11/09 after taking Tamoxifen tor 4 years. She's frustrated that she's		
		gained weight. She's scheduled for her annual mammogram next		
		month. She's been inconsistent in taking Fosamax for the		
		osteopenia noted on her BMD 1/09.		
		Active problems:		
		Active problems: • Stage II A left breast cancer		
		Osteopenia		
04/18/YYYY	Hospital/	Mammogram- Bilateral:	178	N/A
	Provider			
		Comparison: 4/16/09, 4/15/08. Parenchyma is moderate in		
		amount and density with post-lumpectomy distortion in the lower inner left. Occasional benign appearing calcification In each		
		breast. No suspicious mass, distortion or micro calcification		
		cluster is identified to suggest malignancy.		
		Transpositions Ctable magning and August 1 C 11		
		Impression: Stable mammogram. Annual follow-up.		

DATE	FACILITY/ PROVIDER	MEDICAL EVENTS	PDF REF	MEDICAL BILLS
04/18/YYYY	Hospital/	Correspondence to Dr. Kara pepper:	179	N/A
	Provider			
	110 (1001	Dear Kara:		
		I had the pleasure of seeing Bonnie Koeplin in the office in follow		
		up. As you know she is now eleven years status- post left		
		lumpectomy and axillary dissection. On physical examination		
		today, no suspicious or dominant masses were noted.		
		A bilateral mammogram was performed and this showed no		
		evidence of malignancy.		
		I will sec Bonnie in follow up in one year end will keep you apprised of her situation.		
07/01/YYYY	Hospital/	Follow-up Visit :	95-99	N/A
	Provider	History of present illness:		
		Patient words: CPE		
		The patient is a 59 year old female who comes in today for a		
		complete physical exam. This is a nice patient who feels well with		
		minor complaints. Energy level is described as good. Toe patient's		
		stress level is described as an average		
		Assessment:		
		Routine medical exam		
		Hypertension		
		Palpitation		
		Osteopenia unspecified		
		Fatigue		
07/13/YYYY	Hospital/	Telephone encounter:	92	N/A
	Provider	10 N V (C 1D)		
		Assessment & Plan: Unspecified Diagnosis		
		Convent Plans Ultrom 50MC 1 2 Tablet every 9 hours #20		
		Current Plan: Ultram 50MG, 1-2 Tablet every 8 hours, #30, 07/13/YYYY, No Refill. Discontinued.		
		Mobic 15MG, 1 Tablet daily, #15, 15 days startling 07/13/YYYY,		
		No Refill. Active.		
07/13/YYYY	Hospital/	History and physical:	93-94	N/A
	Provider			
		History of present illness:		
		Patient words: Back injury last night		
		slipped on dog's sleeping bag in bathroom		
		landed on R rib on side of bathtub		
		did not hit her head		
		no blood in her urine		
		worried that she fracture her ribs		
		feels her ribs popping in and out of place		
		Assessment & Plan: Chest wall pain		
	l	r	1	1

DATE	FACILITY/ PROVIDER	MEDICAL EVENTS	PDF REF	MEDICAL BILLS
		Impression: s/p fall no fracture will treat pain		
07/13/YYYY	Hospital/ Provider	X-Ray of chest: Findings: Heart normal. Lungs well expanded and clear. Ribs and osseous structures intact; no effusion or ptx. No contusion or infiltrate. No acute process.	176	N/A
07/15/YYYY	Hospital/ Provider	Follow-up Visit: Assessment & Plan: Unspecified Diagnosis Current Plan: Tylenol with Codeine #3 300-30MG, 1 Tablet every eight hours, as needed, #30, 07/15/YYYY, No Refill. Active.	91	N/A
10/19/YYYY	Hospital/ Provider	Follow-up Visit: History of present illness: Patient words: Patient here for influenza today Assessment & Plan: Influenza, need for prophylactic vaccine	90	N/A
06/05/YYYY	Hospital/ Provider	Follow-up visit: History: This is a 56 year old female right hander with complaints related to the left shoulder. Last evening she was walking her dog, tripped and fell directly onto the left shoulder. She had immediate pain and was taken to North Fulton, x-rays were taken out she did not bring these. She is having significant pain. She has been pretty nauseous from the pain meds. She was given some nausea medication, which she did not take. Physical examination: Exam today shows a well-developed and well-nourished female in some distress, oriented x3, respirations are unlabored. The Jen shoulder shows significant soft tissue swelling. Her distal neurovascular is intact. Elbow and wrist are benign. The right foot shows a little bit of tenderness on the dorsum with some ecchymosis. No instability. No mid foot tenderness. No calf tenderness. Negative Homans X-ray: X-rays, two views or the humerus, AP and Y view ordered, taken, and interpreted shows a humeral neck fracture with about 20 degree of angulation on the AP and about 20° on the lateral Impression: Left humeral neck fracture	446-447, 552-554, 556-557, 4- 5	\$7.94

DATE	FACILITY/ PROVIDER	MEDICAL EVENTS	PDF REF	MEDICAL BILLS
		Plan : We have gone through the options. At this point. I think this alignment would be acceptable if it stays. She is going to use ice on her shoulder, take her pain medication, and we will re-x-ray her in a week		
06/12/YYYY	Hospital/ Provider	History: She returns for evaluation of her left shoulder proximal humerus fracture. She is doing much better. The pain is much less. She is a little concerned because she had a lymph node dissection on this shoulder for breast cancer many years ago though no recent difficulty. Physical examination: Exam today of' the left shoulder shows ecchymosis proximally. No evidence of distal lymphedema. Distal neurovascularly intact. X-ray: X-rays. 2 views of the left shoulder, AP and Y views, show a 3-part proximal humerus fracture with a non-displaced neck and mild displacement of the greater tuberosity. Impression: Left proximal humerus fracture in acceptable position at this point. Plan: Discussed things with her. She is going to continue icing and we will see her back in a few weeks with repeat x-rays.	444-445, 546-547	N/A
06/19/YYYY	Hospital/ Provider	Correspondence: To whom it may concern, Patient has been a patient of ours since June 5, 2012 and she is currently being treated for a fractured left shoulder. She is not allowed to drive. She is using a sling as needed for support. She is taking pain medication and needs ice therapy several times a day. The patient may work from home, utilizing her right hand, predominantly for computer and telephone work. She has a follow up appointment with us on June 26, 2012. Thank you for consideration in regards to her injury	545	N/A
06/26/YYYY	Hospital/ Provider	Follow-up visit: History: She returns for follow-up of her left shoulder fracture. She is having some discomfort also in her elbow. That was not x-rayed and she did hit it. The pain is improved. Physical examination: Exam today of the left shoulder shows she still has pain with passive motion, even some simple pendulum. She has expected ecchymosis. The elbow has some ecchymosis but full motion and no instability.	443, 543- 544	N/A

DATE	FACILITY/ PROVIDER	MEDICAL EVENTS	PDF REF	MEDICAL BILLS
07/05/YYYY	Hospital/ Provider	XR: X-rays. 2 views of the humerus, AP internal and external rotation views show the proximal humerus fracture in acceptable position with a little bit or anterior and valgus angulation. X-rays. 3 views of the elbow, ordered, taken and interpreted arc negative for fracture. Impression: Left proximal humerus fracture and elbow contusion. Plan: Next week, she will be 4 weeks out. I am a little bit worried about her moving too slow. We are going to start some gentle passive motion and sec her back in a few weeks. Related records: Pdf ref: referral reports:539-542 Initial physical therapy evaluation: (Poor quality records) Subjective Mechanism of injury: Insidious Date of accident: 06/04 Current history: Status post she fell down walking her dog Chief complaint: Left shoulder pain Objective: Pain scale: 6 at rest, 4 at worst/10, Constant, achy Gait: gait Range of motion Flexion: 20, painful Extension Assessment: Pain Decreased strength, ROM Not independent with HEP Plan: Passive ROM/ stabilization Therapeutic exercises HEP/Education	442, 535-538	N/A
07/17/YYYY	Hospital/ Provider	Frequency of 2 times a week for 4 weeks Follow-up visit: History: Six to seven weeks out from her left proximal humerus	439, 531- 533	N/A

DATE	FACILITY/	MEDICAL EVENTS	PDF REF	MEDICAL
	PROVIDER	fracture. She is still having a fair amount of' discomfort. She is still wearing her sling intermittently. It hurts a lot doing exercises. Physical examination: Exam today or the shoulder shows limited motion in all directions. She has tenderness to extremely light touch around the shoulder. Her distal neurovascular is intact. X-ray: X-rays. 2 views of the left humerus, ordered, taken, and interpreted, shows the proximal humerus fracture in acceptable position. Plan: She is having much more pain than I would expect. She is sensitive to light touch. I am worried about an RSD type of pattern developing or an arthrofibrosis. I am going to give her Mobic with the appropriate GI precautions. Continue rehabilitation, work on		BILLS
08/14/YYYY	Hospital/ Provider	Follow-up visit: History: Follow-up for her kit proximal humerus fracture. She is about 10 weeks out. She is making progress in rehabilitation; still a fair amount of pain and adhesive capsulitis. Physical examination: Exam today of the shoulder shows limited motion in all directions although some improvement from the last visit. No real weakness and no atrophy. No warmth or erythema and neurovascularly intact. X-ray: X-rays, 2 views of the left shoulder, ordered, taken, and interpreted show that the fracture is pretty well healed with minimal angulation. Impression: Adhesive capsulitis with healing left proximal humerus fracture. Plan: Continue rehabilitation its long as she is improving. Sec back in a month.	431, 525- 527	N/A
10/02/YYYY	Hospital/ Provider	Follow-up Visit: History of present illness: Patient words: CPE The patient is a 59 year old female who comes in today for a complete physical exam. This is a nice patient who feels well with minor complaints. Energy level is described as good. Toe patient's stress level is described as an average Assessment: Routine medical exam Hypertension	85-89	N/A

DATE	FACILITY/ PROVIDER	MEDICAL EVENTS	PDF REF	MEDICAL BILLS
		Influenza, need for prophylactic vaccine		
10/05/YYYY	Hospital/ Provider	Follow-up Visit: History: She re-turns status post kit greater tuberosity fracture. Left shoulder with adhesive capsulitis. She is improving painwise, therapy-wise, and strength-wise. Physical examination: Exam today of the shoulder shows she can abduct to about 80, externally rotate to 20, internal rotation to her belt line, strength is good, no atrophy, docs not really have signs of impingement. X-ray: X-rays, 2 views of the left shoulder, ordered, taken, and interpreted, shows the greater tuberosity fracture is healed. Impression: Adhesive capsulitis status post greater tuberosity fracture.	422, 521, 519-520	N/A
		Plan: She is making progress. Continue rehabilitation. See back in six weeks		
07/09/YYYY - 11/08/YYYY	Hospital/ Provider	Date of visits: 07/09/YYYY, 07/13/YYYY, 07/18/YYYY, 07/23/YYYY, 07/26/YYYY, 07/31/YYYY, 08/03/YYYY, 08/06/YYYY, 08/09/YYYY, 08/09/YYYY, 08/20/YYYY, 08/29/YYYY, 09/06/YYYY, 09/12/YYYY, 09/21/YYYY, 09/26/YYYY, 10/03/YYYY, 10/08/YYYY, 10/10/YYYY, 11/08/YYYY Diagnosis: Left shoulder proximal humerus fracture PT diagnosis: Left shoulder pain, weakness stiffness Subjective: Patient states overall better. Still weak with lifting Objective: Area Treated: Left shoulder Hot Pack x 10 min Pre Rx Cold pack Therapeutic exercise Manual therapy Ultrasound Assessment: Patient is progressing appropriately towards goals and has been encouraged to continue HEP. Plan: Progress as tolerated, instructed to continue HEP * Reviewer's Comments: Only the initial and final visits have been	417-418, 420-421, 423-430, 433-438, 440-441, 517, 522, 529, 534	N/A

DATE	FACILITY/ PROVIDER	MEDICAL EVENTS	PDF REF	MEDICAL BILLS
		elaborated. Interim visits have been presented cumulatively to		
		avoid repetition and for ease of reference.*		
11/19/YYYY	Hospital/ Provider	Final physical therapy visit:	415-416	N/A
	11011401	Diagnosis: Left shoulder proximal humerus fracture		
		PT diagnosis: Left shoulder pain, weakness stiffness		
		Subjective: Patient states overall better. Only has time for ultrasound today due to work, she has to return hack this evening		
		Objective:		
		Area Treated: Left shoulder		
		Hot Pack x 10 min Pre Rx		
		Ultrasound		
		Assessment: Patient is progressing appropriately towards goals		
		and has been encouraged to continue HEP.		
		Plan: Progress as tolerated, instructed to continue HEP		
11/24/YYYY	Hospital/ Provider	Physical Therapy visits:	419	N/A
	Tiovidei	No show. Cancelled appointment		
11/30/YYYY	Hospital/	Physical Therapy visit:	414	N/A
	Provider			
10/05/3/3/3/3/	TT 1. 1/	No show. Cancelled appointment	412	NT/A
12/05/YYYY	Hospital/	Physical Therapy visit:	413	N/A
	Provider	No show. Cancelled appointment		
12/07/YYYY	Hospital/	Follow-up visit:	412, 511-	N/A
	Provider		512, 457	
	110 / 1001	History: Follow-up for left proximal humerus fracture and		
		adhesive capsulitis. She is dramatically improved, She says the		
		pain is pretty much gone, still some occasional aching.		
		The motion is improved. She had to lay off rehabilitation services		
		for the last couple of weeks but wants to keep going as she feels		
		like she is making good progress.		
		Physical examination: Exam today shows her abduction is 10		
		about 110°, external rotation is to 30". Internal rotation past the		
		borderline and strength is good.		
		X-ray: We did not repeat her x-rays.		
		Impression: Proximal humerus fracture with adhesive capsulitis and excellent progress in rehabilitation.		
		Plan: She is continuing to improve and as long as she docs that		

DATE	FACILITY/ PROVIDER	MEDICAL EVENTS	PDF REF	MEDICAL BILLS
		we will continue her rehabilitation.		
12/18/YYYY	Hospital/ Provider	Telephone Conversation:	84	N/A
		Assessment & Plan: Unspecified Diagnosis		
		Current Plans: Started Amoxicillin 500MG, 2 (two) Tablet two times daily, #40, 10 days starting 12/18/YYYY, No Refill.		
12/28/YYYY	Hospital/ Provider	Follow-up Visit :	82-83	N/A
		History of present illness: Patient words: F/U sinus infection. Sick for about 2 weeks sinus congestion, thick yellow mucous, teeth pain called in last week, got amoxil, but was taking 500 bid taking appropriate OTC meds has marginally gotten better		
		Assessment & Plan: Acute sinusitis, unspecified		
10/22/YYYY	Hospital/ Provider	Follow-up Visit:	80-81	N/A
		History of present illness: Patient words: Patient here for influenza today		
01/02/3/3/3/3	TT 1.1/	Assessment & Plan: Influenza, need for prophylactic vaccine	70	NT/A
01/02/YYYY	Hospital/ Provider	Addendum report: Assessment: UTI, unspecified Current Plans: • Started Cipro 250MG, 1 (one) Tablet two times	79	N/A
		daily, #10, 5 days starting 01/02/YYYY, No Refill.		
01/17/YYYY	Hospital/ Provider	Follow-up Visit: History of present illness: Patient words: CPE The patient is a 59 year old female who comes in today for a complete physical exam. This is a nice patient who feels well with minor complaints. Energy level is described as good. Toe patient's stress level is described as an average Assessment: • Routine medical exam	74-78	N/A
		Hypertension		
		Breast cancer		
01/17/YYYY	Hospital/ Provider	Telephone Conversation: Assessment: Stress at work	73	N/A
		Current Plans: Started Xanax 0.5MG, 1 (one) Tablet daily as		

DATE	FACILITY/ PROVIDER	MEDICAL EVENTS	PDF REF	MEDICAL BILLS
		needed, #30, 01/17/YYYY, No Refill.		
03/12/YYYY	Hospital/ Provider	Telephone Conversation:	72	N/A
		Assessment: UTI, unspecified		
		Current Plans: Started Macrobid 100MG, 1 (one) Capsule two times daily, #10, 6 days starting 03/12/YYYY, No Refill.		
02/03/YYYY	Hospital/ Provider	Follow-up visit:	66-71	N/A
	Tiovidei	History of present illness:		
		Patient words: CPE		
		The patient is a 59 year old female who comes in today for a		
		complete physical exam. This is a nice patient who feels well with		
		minor complaints. Energy level is described as good. Toe patient's		
		stress level is described as an average.		
		Assessment:		
		Routine medical exam		
		Hypertension		
		Stress at work		
		 Need for shingles vaccine 		
05/01/YYYY	Hospital/	Follow-up visit:	64-65	N/A
03/01/1111	Provider	Tonow up visit.	04 05	14/11
	Flovidei	History of present illness:		
		Patient words: Allergy		
		sneezing		
		watery eyes		
		fatigue		
		"feels off"		
		going on for a month, traveled to Germany during this time and		
		symptoms did not improve		
		wanted to check with me to see what she could take		
		wanted to theth with the to see what she could take		
	(Assessment: Allergic rhinitis, cause unspecified		
05/27/YYYY	Hospital/	Follow-up visit:	62-63	N/A
	Provider		3- 33	- "
	Tiovidei	History of present illness:		
		Patient words: f/u on most recent sinus infection		
		Sin signs and symptoms since beginning of May		
		was seen on May 1, dx with allergic rhinitis		
		treated with flonase and decongestant		
		didn't' get better		
		now has R sided facial pressure, Rear won't pop		
		tried steroids but they made her agitated		
		took an old course of amoxil for 5 days, didn't help		
		not drinking wine anymore, has lost 6# since she was last seen		
		tried Mucinex and ocean spray- feels no better today		
		No fever		

DATE	FACILITY/ PROVIDER	MEDICAL EVENTS	PDF REF	MEDICAL BILLS
		Assessment& Plan: Acute sinusitis, unspecified		
10/02/YYYY	Hospital/ Provider	Follow-up visit:	61	N/A
	Provider	History of present illness: Patient words: Here for influenza vaccine		
		Assessment: Influenza vaccination administered at current visit		
01/14/YYYY	Hospital/ Provider	Follow-up Visit:	59-60	N/A
		History of present illness: Patient words: Patient of Dr Pepper goes by "Bonnie" h/o breast CA. C/o vague mild R sided ABD pain lasting 1-3 hours, up to 3 days per week since 10/15. Worse if full after eating large meal and possibly after higher carb or higher fat meal. Similar to when had duodenal ulcer in 20's. Quit EtOH beginning 1/16, previously 2-3 glasses EtOH 3-4 days per week x 1 yr. No NSAIDS. No n/v, f/c, change in weight, night sweats, LAD, ABD mass.		
		Assessment and plan:		
		 Allergic rhinitis, unspecified allergic rhinitis type 		
03/25/YYYY	Hospital/ Provider	Follow-up Visit: History of present illness: Patient words: The patient is a 60 year old female who presents for a nurse visit. The patient states the following (CPE labs for 3/29/YYYY OV) Assessment and plan: Routine medical exam Impression: The patient was counselled on appropriate sunscreen use and seatbelt safety. She was advised to participate in weight-bearing exercise most days of the week and perform monthly self-breast exams. She should consume 1200mg of calcium daily as part of a well-balanced diet. Related records: pdf ref: 172-173	57-58	N/A
03/29/YYYY	Hospital/ Provider	Follow-up Visit: History of present illness: Patient words: CPE Toe patient is a 60 year old female who comes in today for a complete physical exam. This is a nice patient who feels well with minor complaints. Energy level is described as good. Toe patient's stress level is described as an average.	53-56	N/A

DATE	FACILITY/ PROVIDER	MEDICAL EVENTS	PDF REF	MEDICAL BILLS
		Additional reason for visit: Hypertension Follow-Up is described as the following: Overall the patient is doing well. The patient Checking Pressure blood pressure has been well-controlled. The patient has been compliant with their medications and there have been no side effects.		
		Assessment & Plan: • Routine medical exam • Hypertension • Osteopenia • Stress at work		
05/02/YYYY	Hospital/ Provider	• GERD without esophagitis Follow-up Visit: History of Present Illness: Patient words: Started Last wed. started with chills then got sore throat Sinus Pressure, and congestion. Jaw pain Tickle in throat. Slight cough taking nasal spray took amoxil last night a during this am Assessment & Plan: Acute sinusitis, unspecified Impression: will change meds to Augmentin continue decongestant and delsym call if not improving Current Plans: Restarted Augmentin 875-125MG, 1 Tablet two	51-52	N/A
06/03/YYYY	Hospital/ Provider	times daily, #20, 10 days starting 05/02/YYYY, and No Refill. Telephone Conversation: Assessment & Plan: Upper respiratory infection Current Plans: Started Levaquin 500MG, 1 (one) Tablet daily,	50	N/A
07/28/YYYY	Hospital/ Provider	#10, 10 days starting 06/03/YYYY, No Refill. Follow-up Visit: History of present illness: Patient words: C/o knee right/side swollen started within a week of being on Levaquin has been doing on for months now R knee hurts to drive walk dog	48-49	N/A

DATE	FACILITY/	MEDICAL EVENTS	PDF REF	MEDICAL
	PROVIDER	1		BILLS
		knee is swollen		
		sore, clicks		
		Physical exam		
		1 •		
		The physical exam findings are as follows: Musculoskeletal		
		Knee		
		Swelling – Right – Generalized swelling		
		Movements – Right – Generalized swelling Movements – Right – Range of motion decreased (flex ID 110		
		deg).		
		(deg).		
		Deformities:		
		Right – No deformities		
		Other Characteristics – Right – Moderate effusion and Warm.		
		No Erythema or Crepitus. Note: joint line tenderness		
		Assessment & Plan:		
		Knee pain		
		Impression: Acute knee pain after Levaquin		
		x-ray shows mild OA(Osteoarthritis) without trauma		
		declines aspiration or injection today		
		will treat with ice, rest, elevation, NSAIDS		
		can send to ortho if not improving		
		Knee swelling		
		Current Plans: Knee x-ray, 2 views –right		
		A		
		Anxiety disorder, unspecified		
		Current Plans: Continued Xanax 0.5MG, 1 (one) Tablet daily as		
07/28/YYYY	II. anital/	needed, #30	170-171	N/A
07/28/1111	Hospital/	X-Ray of right knee:	1/0-1/1	IN/A
	Provider	Findings: Joint spaces are within normal limits. No fracture. No		
		dislocation. No radiopaque foreign body. No significant effusion.		
		distribution. Two factiopaque foreign body. Two significant citusion.		
		Impression: Unremarkable exam		
07/29/YYYY	Hospital/	Follow-up Visit:	46-47	N/A
	Provider			
	110 (1001	History of Present Illness:		
		Patient words: knee pain		
		was seen yesterday for knee pain		
		she used Voltaren gel yesterday, can't tell if it's working yet		
		wants to have her knee drained today		
		Physical exam		
		The physical exam findings are as follows:		
		Musculoskeletal		
		Knee		
		Swelling – Right – Generalized swelling		

DATE	FACILITY/ PROVIDER	MEDICAL EVENTS	PDF REF	MEDICAL BILLS
08/23/YYYY	Hospital/ Provider	Movements – Right – Range of motion decreased (flex ID 110 deg). Deformities: Right – No deformities Other Characteristics – Right – Moderate effusion and Warm. No Erythema or Crepitus. Note: joint line tenderness Assessment & Plan: Knee pain Impression: Acute knee pain after Levaquin x-ray shows mild OA(Osteoarthritis) without trauma will treat with ice, rest, elevation, NSAIDS can send to ortho if not improving Knee swelling Impression: Right knee joint injection: after verbal informed consent obtained, patient placed in prone position. Knee was prepped in sterile fashion. Ethyl chloride was applied for local analgesia. Joint space was entered with inf lateral approach. 10cc sero sanguinous fluid aspirated. 80mg DepoMedrol injected with 1 cc 1 % lidocaine. The patient tolerated the procedure well with no known complications Follow-up visit: History: The patient returns after a long absence; now 61, a right- handed marketer for right knee pain and swelling in recent weeks with no one particular injury, although it may have been from helping a friend lift some heavy items a few months ago. She had aspiration/injection by her primary doctor Dr. Pepper but reports it was minimally helpful and she is quite frustrated. Physical examination: On exam she is 5 feet 9 inches, 170 pounds, hobbling around on the right knee with significant localized medial joint line tenderness, none laterally. There is mild patellar crepitus and lots of pain with end flexion. No instability. Calf is soft. Skin, pulses, and distal neurologic status are intact. X-ray: X-rays of the right knee in four views ordered, obtained, and interpreted by me in the office today demonstrate at most subtle medial compartment narrowing but generally clean. *Reviewers comment: The above mentioned original report of X- ray report of right knee is unavailable for review* Impression: Right knee pain despite conservative efforts, occult medial meniscus tear versus arthritis.	168-169, 411, 620- 621	*\$296.55
		Disposition: MRI right knee with definitive recommendations to		

DATE	FACILITY/ PROVIDER	MEDICAL EVENTS	PDF REF	MEDICAL BILLS
		follow. We will offer her a patellar sleeve for as needed use. We have discussed general knee care. She does not want medications.		
		Related records: pdf ref: 480-481, 498-510		
08/23/YYYY	Hospital/ Provider	Progress Notes:	410, 621	\$140.00
		This patient was issued the following equipment, medium hinged knee brace as prescribed by Dr. Rosenstein. The patient was measured and fitted for the equipment, and instructed in the proper donning, doffing, use and care of the equipment. Then was no difficulty in applying the product correctly. The patient acknowledged understanding of the instructions provided.		
09/08/YYYY	Hospital/ Provider	MRI of right knee: History: Right knee pain and swelling.	372, 621	\$1135.00
		Findings: There is a small effusion with small caudally, dissecting Baker's cyst. Intact, medial and lateral menisci. The Cruciate and collateral ligaments are intact with preserved quadriceps and patellar tendons. Mild infra patellar bursitis noted.		
		There is moderate chondromalacia with cartilaginous attenuation and irregularity involving the medial patellar facet. Preserved remaining patellar and trochlear cartilage thickness. Mild chondromalacia and cartilaginous attenuation affects the posterior paramedian aspect of the articular surface of the medial femoral condyle with subcortical degenerative cystic changes and reactive marrow edema. Moderate chondromalacia affects the periphery of the poster superior articular surface of the medial femoral condyle with subcortical degenerative cystic changes and reactive marrow edema. Unremarkable lateral compartment. No stress fracture is seen. There is a prominent medial plica.		
		 Impression: Intact medial and lateral menisci Intact cruciate and collateral ligaments and extensor mechanism Moderate chondromalacia of the medial patellar facet as well as the poster superior articular surface of the medial femoral condyle with subcortical degenerative cystic changes and reactive marrow edema of the latter No stress fracture detected Prominent medial plica 		
09/13/YYYY	Hospital/ Provider	Follow-up visit: History: The patient returns reporting her knee is feeling better. She has had MRI since I have seen her.	409, 167, 622	\$125.00

DATE	FACILITY/ PROVIDER	MEDICAL EVENTS	PDF REF	MEDICAL BILLS
		Physical examination: On exam she still has some mild localized medial joint line tenderness but it is much improved. She is no longer hobbling. She has some baseline patellar crepitus but minimal effusion. No obvious Baker cyst or fullness posteriorly. No instability. Calf is soft. Skin and pulses are intact.		
		X-ray: MRI of the right knee since I have seen her is useful in demonstrating no evidence of internal derangement. She does have some chondromalacia both medially and in the patello femoral joint.		
		Impression: Early osteoarthritis right knee, back to baseline, feeling well clinically.	>	
		Disposition: Implications discussed in some detail. She looks so good there is no reason to be aggressive. I have recommended rehab services, knee friendly lifestyle, and ice. She prefers no meds, We could consider hyaluronic acids in the future and handouts are given. She likes this plan.		
		Related records: Pdf ref: 490-493		
09/21/YYYY	Hospital/ Provider	Physical therapy visit: (Poor quality record) Mechanism of injury: Insidious- unspecified Current history: Shoulder unspecified, Left knee plan with Location of pain: Left knee cap	483-484, 489, 622	\$188.00
		Assessment: Decreased strength, pain, Not independent with HEP, decreased function Plan: therapeutic exercises HEP/education		
10/28/YYYY	Hospital/ Provider	Follow-up visit:	45	N/A
		History of present illness: Patient words: Here for influenza vaccine		
		Assessment: Influenza vaccination administered at current visit	10	37/4
11/10/YYYY	Hospital/ Provider	Follow-up visit:	43-44	N/A
		History of present illness: Patient words: Fullness in chest, thinks its gas from raw kale		
		intermittent		
		she just got a nuteribullet and was making large kale smoothies		
		she felt a pressure sensation in her chest		
		burping makes it better		

DATE	FACILITY/ PROVIDER	MEDICAL EVENTS	PDF REF	MEDICAL BILLS
		Stopped smoothies 4 days ago and symptoms are improving.		
		Assessment: Dyspepsia		
		Impression: She is improving Will give her course of omeprazole for 2 weeks, she has some at		
02/16/YYYY	Hospital/	home Follow-up visit:	40-42	N/A
	Provider	History of present illness: The patient is a 61 year old female who presents with neck pain. This condition occurred following a specific injury. The injury occurred 2 day(s) ago. The injury resulted from a motor vehicle accident 2/14/17 she as driving down a small 2 lane country road in Forsyth co. A tractor trailer was in front of her. The truck came to a complete stop and then started to reverse in the road. She states that she stopped as well and started to honk her horn vigorously as she noticed the reverse lights come on the truck. The truck ran into her VW beetle and started to push it down the road. She was retrained, denies head trauma or airbag deployment. No changes in bowels or bladder. Started ID develop muscle pain later that night and it worsened as the days have progressed.). Symptoms include neck stiffness, crepitus (feels/hearins and intermittent 'popping 'sound with cervical rotation), tenderness, impaired range of motion and shoulder pain. Symptoms are located in the left posterior neck and right posterior neck. The pain radiates to the left trapezius, left shoulder, right trapezius and right shoulder. The patient describes the pain as aching and burning. Onset was hour(s) after the injury. The symptoms occur constantly. The patient describes symptoms as moderate in severity and worsening. Symptoms are exacerbated by neck movement. Symptoms are not relieved by ice. Associated symptoms include headache, while associated symptoms do not include upper extremity paresthesias, upper extremity weakness, tinnitus, impaired memory or impaired vision. Current treatment includes ice. The patient is currently able to do activities of daily living without limitations. Note for "Neck pain": Patient also states that she has been anxious about this event "I can still see the underbelly of the truck as it was coming towards me". Review of system: Musculoskeletal: Present myalgia Psychiatric: present- Anxiety (Flash backs of the accident) Physical exam: Cervical spine: Movements painful, Mildly tender (

DATE	FACILITY/	MEDICAL EVENTS	PDF REF	MEDICAL
	PROVIDER	Impression: Suspect muscle tension/strain. Has good ROM of		BILLS
		cervical and lumbar spine. TTP of bilateral lateral neck muscles as		
		well as bilateral trap Do not suspect spinal involvement but will		
		obtain cervical x-rays given the history of an audible popping		
		sound. Advised on NSAIDS and muscle relaxers. Patient states		
		she does not tolerate either very well. Advised to cut dose in half		
		and only use muscle relaxer in the evenings ID prevent drowsiness		
		next AM. Take meloxicam with food. Also advise on ice 15 mins TID for 2 days and then introduce moist heatsoaking in warm		
		Epsom salt Patient asked about massage—advised her to hold off		
		for now and try next week if still in pain. If pain last for longer		
		than 3-4 weeks, will refer to physical therapy		
		Current Plans		
		Started Meloxicam 15MG, 1 (one) Tablet daily, #30, 30 days		
		starting 02/16/YYYY, No Refill. Started Cyclobenzaprine Hcl 10MG, 1/2-1 Tablet at bedtime as		
		needed for muscle pain, #30, 02/16/YYYY, No Refill.		
		The state of the s		
		Motor vehicle accident		
		Impression: 2/14/17 tractor trailer reversed into her VW beetle at		
		a steppe position. She states that she was restrained and airbags		
		did not deploy and she did not obtain a head trauma nor other injuries. Neck pain started that night. Suspect muscle strain. See		
		above.		
		Anxiety disorder, unspecified		
		Impression: having flash backs of accident. Having a difficult		
		time sleeping. Request a refill on xanax.		
		Current Plans		
		Continued Xanax 0.5MG, 1 (one) Tablet daily as needed, #30		
		Addendum Note:		
		LM for patient on voicemail to f/u on OV and symptoms.		
		Requested that they call the office back with an update on how		
		they are doing.		
		Addendum Note:		
		• Informed patient that her c-spine x-ray shows mild		
		degenerative changes with no acute bony abnormality		
		Patient states that she is still in a lot of pain and the		
		'popping" in her neck has worsened has not used		
		meloxicam–states she uses this in the past and it torn her stomach up		
		Has an appointment to see ortho		
		Will change to Celebrex in the mean time		
02/16/YYYY	Hospital/	X-Ray of cervical spine:	166	N/A

DATE	FACILITY/ PROVIDER	MEDICAL EVENTS	PDF REF	MEDICAL BILLS
	Provider			DILLO
	Tiovidei	The cervical vertebral body heights are well-maintained. Minimal		
		loss of disc space at C5-6. Cervical vertebral body heights are		
		well-maintained. Alignment is within normal limits. Prevertebral		
		soft tissues unremarkable. Degenerative changes of the		
		uncovertebral joints at C5-6 and C6-C7. Lateral masses of C1 and		
		C2 are in alignment. The odontoid is within normal limits.		
		Impression: Mild degenerative changes with no acute bony		
		abnormality.		
02/20/YYYY	Hospital/	Telephone Conversation:	39	N/A
	Provider	Assessment: Neck pain		
		Impression: Did not tolerate meloxicam. Will try Celebrex		
02/22/YYYY	Hospital/	Follow-up visit:	407-408,	\$397.17
	Provider		482, 623	·
		HPI: Patient is a 61 y/o woman who is here with a chief		
		complaint of right side cervical pain. She was involved in a motor		
		vehicle accident in which she was sitting in her vehicle at a		
		standstill and a tractor trailer hacked up onto the front of her		
		vehicle. Her car was wedged under the back of the truck. Since		
		that time she has had localized pain over the right lateral		
		epicondyle, as well as right side cervical pain. Prior to this		
		accident she had not had any cervical spine problems. Her pain		
		level is rated 7/10. She is bothered by "clicking" on the right side		
		of her neck and it is constant each time she moves her head. She		
		feels better when sitting, standing or walking and keep her head		
		upright. She feds worse when lying down, morning and night. She		
		has been taking Advil, but prefers not to use any stronger		
		medications. She has not had rehabilitation services and there is		
		no history of prior spine surgery or spinal injection procedures.		
		PE: Exam shows patient alert and oriented x3. She ambulates		
		independently and her gait is normal.		
		Cervical posture is normal. Range of motion is decreased toward		
		end ranges of rotation toward the right more so than toward the		
		left. Spurling test is negative on both sides.		
		Strength is 5/5 through the upper extremity major motor groups.		
		The biceps, triceps and brachioradialis reflexes arc trace		
		bilaterally. Sensation is intact to light touch without extremity		
		edema noted. There is myofascial tenderness along the upper to		
		mid-cervical paraspinals on the right side. No left paraspinal		
		muscle tenderness noted in the cervical region. There is diffuse		
		tenderness through the trapezius muscles on both sides.		
		X-ray: X-rays ordered, performed and interpreted by me in the		
		office today four views of the cervical spine reveal normal		

DATE	FACILITY/	MEDICAL EVENTS	PDF REF	MEDICAL
	PROVIDER	vertebral body alignment with mild narrowing of the C5-6 intervertebral disk space. *Reviewer comment: The original report of X-ray of cervical spine is unavailable for review* Impression: Cervical sprain Mild C5-6 degenerative disk disease Result: I. X-ray and exam findings discussed, as well as appropriate treatment. Rehab services on the cervical spine was recommended for son tissue and joint mobilization, ROM and HEP. She has some difficulty with prescription NSAIDs. She has Voltaren gel so she was encouraged to use this on an as needed basis. She says she has used Celebrex in the past for previous issue and her primary care physician is already looking into obtaining prior authorization. She will let us know if the prescription needs to be written through our office or if it will be handled by her PCP. Recheck in 4-6 weeks.		BILLS
02/24/YYYY	Hospital/ Provider	Initial physical therapy evaluation: (Hand written notes) Diagnosis: Cervical sprain, Mild C5-6 degenerative disc disease Mechanism of injury: Motor vehicle collision Date of accident: 02/14/YYYY Current history: Semi backed over car. Immediate right cervical pain, no previous problem Location: Cervical region- Bilateral Chief complaint: Pain/clicking- catch/ release, fatigue Symptoms: Movement Current function: limited as below Frequency: 1-2 times/ week for 4-6 weeks Plan of care: Home exercise program, Therapeutic exercises, body mechanics,	406, 471- 472, 623- 624	\$251.85

DATE	FACILITY/ PROVIDER	MEDICAL EVENTS	PDF REF	MEDICAL BILLS
03/01/YYYY	Hospital/	Follow-up visit:	405	N/A
	Provider			
		Missed appointment:		
		No show.		
03/22/YYYY	Hospital/	Follow-up visit:	38	N/A
	Provider			
		Assessment:		
		Routine medical exam		
		Impression: Age appropriate cancer screening, cardiovascular		
		risk factors and risk stratification, vaccines, diet, exercise, and		
		anticipatory guidance discussed.		
03/30/YYYY	Hospital/	Follow-up visit:	35-37, 629	\$169.00
	Provider			
		Patient words: Physical exam a semi backed into her car (VW bug)		
		she is reliving the accident		
		she has appointment to see therapist in 2 weeks		
		No SI/HI.		
		The patient is a 61 year old female who comes in today for a		
		complete physical exam. This is a nice patient who feels well with		
		minor complaints. Energy level is described as good. The patient's stress level is described as an average.		
		stess level is described as an average.		
		Additional reasons for visit:		
		Hypertension follow-Up: is described as the following:		
		Overall the patient is doing well. Toe patientr2 2 Checking		
		Pressure blood pressure has been well-controlled. The patient has		
		been compliant with their medications and there have been no side effects.		
		offects.		
		Assessment:		
		Routine medical exam		
		Hypertension		
		Osteopenia		
		Gastroesophageal reflux disease without esophagitis		
03/06/YYYY	Hospital/	Hyperlipidemia Summary of interim physical therapy visits:	396-404,	\$809.10
-	Provider	Summary of internit physical therapy visits.	624-629	ψ609.10
03/31/YYYY	TIOVIGE	Date of visits: 03/06/YYYY, 03/10/YYYY, 03/14/YYYY,		
		03/17/YYYY, 03/22/YYYY, 03/24/YYYY, 03/28/YYYY, 03/31/YYYY		
		Subjective:		
		03/06/YYYY: Patient states she is very stiff and sore		
		03/10/YYYY: Patient states she felt significantly better last visits		

DATE	FACILITY/ PROVIDER	MEDICAL EVENTS	PDF REF	MEDICAL BILLS
	TROVIDER	but things stiffened back up		DILLS
		03/14/YYYY: Patient states her neck is doing better, having back issues today (Slept wrong)		
		03/17/YYYY: Patient states her neck is doing better, tractions is helping		
		03/22/YYYY: Patient states heart and traction are really helping		
		03/24/YYYY: Patient states heart and traction are really helping, low back hurting		
		03/28/YYYY: Patient her low back is very painful today, requesting g mechanical traction only		
		03/31/YYYY: Patient again states her low back is very painful and is requesting heat and mechanical traction only		
		Objective: Area Treated: Cervical Moist heat x 10 min Pre Rx Mechanical traction x 15 minutes. HEP instruction		
		Assessment: Patient tolerated treatment Fair. Mechanical traction only today 20 patient's request. Patient is progressing appropriately towards goals. Functional deficits arc secondary to pain, weakness. Loss of ROM, at this lime.		
		Plan: Continue with the current plan or care. Progress as tolerated		
		* Reviewer's Comments: Only the initial and final visits have been elaborated. Interim visits have been presented cumulatively to avoid repetition and for ease of reference.*		
04/04/YYYY	Hospital/ Provider	Final physical therapy visit:	395, 630	\$40.00
	11011401	Subjective: Patient states her hack is a little belier hut having increased left arm symptoms. Requests MH and traction only. Patient states she is doing her exercises at home.		
		Objective: Area Treated: Cervical Moist heat x 10 min Pre Rx Mechanical traction x 15 minutes. HEP instruction		
		Assessment: Patient tolerated treatment Fair. Mechanical traction only today 20		

DATE	FACILITY/	MEDICAL EVENTS	PDF REF	MEDICAL
	PROVIDER			BILLS
		patient's request.		
		Patient is progressing appropriately towards goals.		
		Functional deficits arc secondary to pain, weakness. Loss of ROM, at this lime.		
		KOW, at this line.		
		Plan: Continue with the current plan or care. Progress as		
		tolerated.		
04/05/YYYY	Hospital/	Follow-up visit:	394, 630	\$134.12
	Provider			
		HPI: Patient returns today for reevaluation or cervical pain and		
		upper extremity pain following an MVA which occurred on		
		02/14/YYYY. She has been working with a rehab therapist and		
		her symptoms have improved, hut not resolved. Heat and traction		
		seem to be the most helpful at this point. She is independent with		
		the exercise program otherwise. She is also having a lot of		
		tightness and muscular pain through the shoulder blades on both		
		sides and she has abnormal sensation in the fourth and fifth		
		fingers and along the ulnar border of her left hand.		
		Physical examination: Exam shows patient alert and oriented x3.		
		She ambulates independently and has a normal gait. Cervical		
		range of motion is mildly reduced at the end ranges of rotation.		
		Spurling test is equivocal on the left; negative on the right. There		
		are no focal motor. Sensory or reflex deficits in either arm. There		
		is a mildly positive Tinel sign over the left cubital tunnel.		
		X-ray: Cervical spine x-ray, 02/22/YYYY: Mild narrowing of the C5-6 intervertebral disk space.		
		Impression:		
		Cervical sprain secondary to motor vehicle accident on		
		02/14/YYYY – improving.		
		2. Left upper extremity pain, cervical radiculitis versus cubital		
		tunnel syndrome or both.		
		Result:		
		1. Treatment options discussed and she will discontinue structured		
	,	rehabilitation services but continue the exercise program on her		
		own.		
		2. She has a chiropractor that has seen her periodically over the		
		years and massage therapy is available through their office with a		
		referral. This would be medically appropriate for her to receive		
		therapeutic massage treatment in the cervical and periscapular		
		region.		
		3. Reevaluate in 4-5 weeks.		
		4. Left upper extremity EMG/NCS and/or cervical MRI would be		
		our next steps if her symptoms do not continue to improve.		
		5. She was also given a prescription to obtain a supine cervical		
		home traction unit.		

DATE	FACILITY/ PROVIDER	MEDICAL EVENTS	PDF REF	MEDICAL BILLS
04/24/YYYY	Hospital/	Telephone Conversation:	392-393	N/A
	Provider			
		Message: Left voice message asking patient to call and schedule EMG/ NCS		
		EMG/ NCS		
		Spoke to patient and scheduled EMG/NCS with Dr. chambers 05/16		
04/24/YYYY	Hospital/ Provider	Follow-up visit:	391, 631	\$164.12
	Provider	HPI: She follows up today for continued pain in the left shoulder		
		and arm and she is concerned because she is having numbness in		
		the fourth and filth fingers of her left hand.		
		Physical examination: Exam shows patient alert and oriented x 3.		
		She ambulates independently and has a normal gait. Tinel test is		
		positive over the left cubital tunnel. Sensation is altered in the fifth		
		finger and the ulnar hat r of the ring linger of her ten hand. There		
		is also decreased cervical range of motion with left side cervical pain noted during rotation and side bending. No focal motor		
		deficits arc present in either upper extremity. Reflexes arc equal in		
		both upper extremities.		
		Impression:		
		1. Left cubital tunnel syndrome.		
		2. Cervical pain with left upper extremity radiculitis.		
		Result:		
		1. Proceed with cervical MRI		
		2. Proceed with left upper extremity EMG/NCS.		
		3. She is in the process of obtaining a home traction unit through		
		her rehab therapist. 4. Additional recommendations pending outcome of above		
		studies.		
05/16/YYYY	Hospital/	EMG/Nerve Conduction Study:	385-389,	\$365.00
	Provider		631	
		Patient Complaints: Numbness and tingling in the left forearm and hand		
)	and nand		
		Patient History:		
		Patient is a 61 year old woman who was involved in an MVA on		
		2/14/YYYY and subsequently developed cervical pain with left arm pain and paresthesias. The paresthesias involve the 5 th finger		
		and only the ulnar side of the 4 th finger. She also has cervical pain		
		and radicular symptoms which have improved but not resolved		
		with rehabilitation services. NSAIDS and oral steroids.		
		Impression: The above electro diagnostic study reveals evidence		
		of left ulnar neuropathy at the elbow. Ulnar inching technique		
		localizes the compression at and just above the left cubital tunnel.		

DATE	FACILITY/ PROVIDER	MEDICAL EVENTS	PDF REF	MEDICAL BILLS
		There is also left carpal tunnel syndrome (median nerve entrapment at wrist) affecting sensory components. Patient docs not display symptoms of carpal tunnel syndrome at this time. There is no electro diagnostic evidence of cervical radiculopathy in the left upper limb.		
		Recommendations : She will be referred to one of our hand and upper extremity physicians for evaluation and treatment for these findings		
05/23/YYYY	Hospital/ Provider	MRI of cervical spine without contrast: History: Neck pain/radicular symptoms since motor vehicle accident February 2017.	369, 632	\$1225.00
		Comparison: None Findings: Limited images or the cervico medullary junction am		
		normal. Cervical cord is normal in course and Caliber. No cord edema. 2 mm retrolisthesis C5 relative to C6 associated with mild disk space narrowing. Disk dehydration present at remaining cervical levels with intact disk heights. No evidence of fracture		
		C2·3: No disk bulge. Patent central canal and neural foramina		
		C3-4: No disk bulge. Patent central canal and neural foramina		
		C4-5: Mild disk space narrowing. No disk bulge, Patent central canal and neural foramina.		
		C5-6: Grade 1 retrolisthesis with mild disk space narrowing. Uncovertebral hypertrophy and broad-based posterior osteophyte disk complex with effacement of the ventral thecal sac. Mild facet hypertrophy. Moderate to severe left and moderate right foraminal narrowing.		
		C6-7: No disk bulge. Patent central canal and neural foramina		
		C7-T1: No disk bulge. Mild facet hypertrophy. Patent central canal and neural foramina		
		Impression: 1. C5-6: Grade 1 retrolisthesis with mild disk space n; mowing Broad-based posterior disk osteophyte complex and mild facet hypertrophy resulting in moderate to severe left and moderate right foraminal narrowing. Mild central canal stenosis. Full details throughout the cervical levels as described above. 2. Prominent asymmetric oft apical pleural thickening. Correlation with CT chest recommended to exclude a neoplasm		

DATE	FACILITY/ PROVIDER	MEDICAL EVENTS	PDF REF	MEDICAL BILLS
05/31/YYYY	Hospital/	Follow up visit:	384,458-	\$164.12
	Provider	HPI: She follows up today to review the findings of a cervical MRI scan. She continues to haw cervical pain extending into the trapezius and periscapular region on both sides, left greater than right. Additionally, she continues to have symptoms of left ulnar neuropathy. She had an EMG/NCS performed by me on 05/16/YYYY which revealed ulnar neuropathy at the elbow. She has already been scheduled to sec Dr. Frank Joseph for evaluation and treatment.	460, 632	
		Physical examination: Limited exam is remarkable for cervical range of motion that is decreased toward end range of rotation. No focal motor deficit is noted with manual muscle testing.		
		X-ray: Cervical MRI. 05/23/YYYY, was reviewed personally by me. Images were shown to and discussed with the patient and reveal a grade I retrolisthesis of C5 on C6 with mild narrowing of the disk space. There is a broad-based disk osteophytic complex that effaces the thecal sac and contributes to left greater than right foraminal stenosis. The other levels are normal in appearance.		
		Electro diagnostic studies: Left upper extremity EMG/NCS.05/16/YYYY: Len ulnar neuropathy at the elbow. There is also left carpal tunnel syndrome affecting sensory components. Patient docs not display symptoms of carpal tunnel syndrome. No electro diagnostic evidence of cervical radiculopathy.		
		 C5-6 disk osteophyte complex with left greater than right foraminal stenosis. Left cubital tunnel syndrome-symptomatic. Left carpal tunnel syndrome – asymptomatic. 		
		Result: Options for treatment were discussed. Cervical epidural steroid injection was recommended. Patient declined and says that she would like to just monitor the symptoms for another few weeks and she will call if she should decide to pursue more aggressive care.		
		She is already scheduled to sec Dr. Frank Joseph on 06/06(2017 for evaluation and treatment of left cubital tunnel syndrome, Follow up prn.		
06/06/YYYY	Hospital/ Provider	Progress Notes: This patient was issued the following equipment, Heel Bo, as prescribed by Dr. Joseph. The patient was measured and fitted for	380	\$15.00

DATE	FACILITY/ PROVIDER	MEDICAL EVENTS	PDF REF	MEDICAL BILLS
		the equipment, and instructed in the proper donning, doffing, use and care or the equipment, Then: was no difficulty in applying the product correctly, The patient acknowledged understanding of the instructions provided.		
06/06/YYYY	Hospital/ Provider	Follow-up visit: Diagnosis: MVA 02/14/YYYY. Cervical C5-C6 disk osteophytic complex left greater than right with right foraminal stenosis, Left cubital tunnel syndrome with positive EMG and NCV studies. History: The patient is being seen today at the request of Dr. Chambers regarding increasing ulnar paresthesias following an MVA on 02/14/YYYY. The patient is working with difficulty. The patient complains of numbness of the ring and little fingers with increasing weakness. An ESI has been recommended by Dr. Chambers, but deferred by the patient who has started cervical traction. Physical examination: The patient has a normal station and gait with normal respirations. Exam of the left elbow demonstrates FROM with a positive Tinel, a negative Tinel over the carpal canal, a negative Phalen's test, and a negative Finkelstein test bilaterally. DF/PF is symmetric at 70/85. GS: R 30 kg, L 16 kg. The patient is noted to be healthy. Alert and oriented x3 with normal affect. Flexor and extensor tendons arc intact. Radial pulse is 3+ and symmetric. Digits arc warm and pink. Negative scaphoid shift test. Carpus is well-aligned clinically. DRUJ is stable and non-tender. Imaging: X-rays were ordered, performed and interpreted by myself. Three views of the left elbow are negative for Fracture or STC. *Reviewers comment: The above mentioned original x-ray report of left elbow is unavailable for review* Lab: EMG and NCV studies arc positive for left cubital tunnel syndrome.	381-383, 633	\$258.12
		Plan: Therapeutic options were reviewed. The need for activity		

FACILITY/ PROVIDER	MEDICAL EVENTS	PDF REF	MEDICAL BILLS
	modification was reviewed. The patient was lit with an elbow pad. The patient will initiate a towel wrapping program. The patient will RTC in six weeks for reevaluation. The possibility of cubital tunnel decompression was discussed in detail with literature and the nature of surgery was reviewed.		
	Related records: Pdf ref: 452-456		
Hospital/ Provider	Referral Report:	379	N/A
	Charles. A new order was written. Patient was called and informed.		
Hospital/ Provider	Bilateral digital diagnostic mammogram with CAD: Clinical History: Personal history of left breast cancer, Left lumpectomy in 2010. Comparison is made to exams dated: 6/17/YYYY ultrasound, 6/17/YYYY mammogram, 6/8/YYYY, mammogram, 5/8/YYYY mammogram, and 5/9/YYYY mammogram, 05/11/YYYY mammogram – Breast Care Specialists, L.L.C. Both breasts are heterogeneously dense, which may obscure small masses. Current study was evaluated with a Computer Aided Detection (CAD) system. The left breast is smaller than the right due to lumpectomy. There are post-op and radiation changes. Skin thickening, and skin retraction in the left breast n the medial aspect that correlate with surgical site. There also is a benign appearing calcification in the left breast. No significant masses, calcifications, or other findings are seen in either breast Benign: There is no mammographic evidence of malignancy. Ultrasound of both breasts: 6121/YYYY comparison is made to exams dated: 6/17/YYYY ultrasound, 6/17/YYYY mammogram, 6/812015 mammogram, 5/812014 mammogram, 5/9/YYYY mammogram, and 5/11/YYYY mammogram. Breast Care Specialists, L.L.C. Real-time ultrasound of both breasts was performed. No abnormalities were seen sonographically in either breast. Impression: Negative – follow-up recommended There is no sonographic evidence or malignancy.	159-160	N/A
I	Hospital/ Provider Hospital/	modification was reviewed. The patient was lit with an elbow pad. The patient will initiate a towel wrapping program. The patient will RTC in six weeks for reevaluation. The possibility of cubital tunnel decompression was discussed in detail with literature and the nature of surgery was reviewed. Related records: Pdf ref: 452-456 Hospital/ Provider Referral Report: Patient requested a new physical therapy order. Per Venyette Charles. A new order was written. Patient was called and informed. Bilateral digital diagnostic mammogram with CAD: Clinical History: Personal history of left breast cancer, Left lumpectomy in 2010. Comparison is made to exams dated: 6/17/YYYY ultrasound, 6/17/YYYY mammogram, 6/8/YYYY mammogram, 5/8/YYYY mammogram, and 5/9/YYYY mammogram, 05/11/YYYY mammogram — Breast Care Specialists, L.L.C. Both breasts are heterogeneously dense, which may obscure small masses. Current study was evaluated with a Computer Aided Detection (CAD) system. The left breast is smaller than the right due to lumpectomy. There are post-op and radiation changes. Skin thickening, and skin retraction in the left breast n the medial aspect that correlate with surgical site. There also is a benign appearing calcification in the left breast. No significant masses, calcifications, or other findings are seen in either breast Benign: There is no mammographic evidence of malignancy. Ultrasound of both breasts: 6121/YYYY comparison is made to exams dated: 6/17/YYYY ultrasound, 6/17/YYYY mammogram, 6/812015 mammogram, 5/812014 mammogram, 5/9/YYYY mammogram, and 5/11/YYYY mammogram. Breast Care Specialists, L.L.C. Real-time ultrasound of both breasts was performed. No abnormalities were seen sonographically in either breast. Impression: Negative — follow-up recommended	modification was reviewed. The patient was lit with an elbow pad. The patient will initiate a towel wrapping program. The patient will RTC in six weeks for reevaluation. The possibility of cubital tunnel decompression was discussed in detail with literature and the nature of surgery was reviewed. Related records: Pdf ref: 452-456 Referral Report: Patient requested a new physical therapy order. Per Venyette Charles. A new order was written. Patient was called and informed. Hospital/ Provider Bilateral digital diagnostic mammogram with CAD: Clinical History: Personal history of left breast cancer, Left lumpectomy in 2010. Comparison is made to exams dated: 6/17/YYYY ultrasound, 6/17/YYYY mammogram, and 5/9/YYYY mammogram, 05/11/YYYY mammogram, 05/11/YYYY mammogram, and 5/9/YYYY mammogram, 05/11/YYYY mammogram — Breast Care Specialists, L.L.C. Both breasts are heterogeneously dense, which may obscure small masses. Current study was evaluated with a Computer Aided Detection (CAD) system. The left breast is smaller than the right due to lumpectomy. There are post-op and radiation changes. Skin thickening, and skin retraction in the left breast in the medial aspect that correlate with surgical site. There also is a benign appearing calcification in the left breast. No significant masses, calcifications, or other findings are seen in either breast Benign: There is no mammographic evidence of malignancy. Ultrasound of both breasts: 6121/YYYY comparison is made to exams dated: 6/17/YYYY mammogram, 5/812014 mammogram, 5/9/YYYY mammogram, and 5/11/YYYY mammogram. Breast Care Specialists, L.L.C. Real-time ultrasound of both breasts was performed. No abnormalities were seen sonographically in either breast. Impression: Negative — follow-up recommended There is no sonographic evidence or malignancy.

FACILITY/ PROVIDER	MEDICAL EVENTS	PDF REF	MEDICAL BILLS
FACILITY/ PROVIDER Hospital/ Provider	Follow-up visit: Diagnosis: MVA 02/YYYY. 1. Left cubital tunnel syndrome with positive EMG and NCV studies. 2. Left elbow medial epicondylitis. 3. Cervical C5-C6 disk complex. History: The patient presents for follow-up with increasing pain, aching and paresthesias, The patient is working with difficulty and would like to proceed with surgery. Discomfort is 6-8/10. Physical examination: The patient has a normal station and gait with normal respirations. Exam of the left elbow demonstrates medial epicondylar swelling and tenderness with a positive Tinel over the cubital canal. The lateral epicondylar area is non-tender. Mobile wad is non-tender. There is a negative Phalen's test bilaterally and a negative Finkelstein test bilaterally. DF/PF is symmetric al 70/80. GS: R 30 kg, L 18 kg. The patient is noted to be healthy. Alert and oriented x3 with normal affect. Flexor and extensor tendons arc intact. Radial pulse is 3+ and symmetric. Digits are warm and pink. Negative scaphoid shin test. Carpus is well-aligned clinically, DRUJ is stable and non-tender.	376-378, 634	MEDICAL BILLS \$164.12
	Plan: Natural history was reviewed. The patient will continue with the towel wrapping program. Anticipate the need for left cubital tunnel release with associated medial epicondylar repair as an outpatient. The nature of surgery was reviewed. Anticipate two to four weeks off of work following surgery.		
Hospital/ Provider	Follow-up visit: Diagnosis: MVA 02/YYYY. I. Left cubital tunnel syndrome with positive EMG and NCV studies. 2. Left elbow medial epicondylitis. 3. Cervical C5-C6 disk complex. History: The patient presents for follow-up with increasing pain, aching and paresthesias, The patient is working with difficulty and would like to proceed with surgery. Discomfort is 6-8/10. Physical examination: The patient has a normal station and gait with normal respirations.	374-375, 634	\$164.12
	Hospital/ Hospital/	Hospital/ Provider Follow-up visit: Diagnosis: MVA 02/YYYY. 1. Left cubital tunnel syndrome with positive EMG and NCV studies. 2. Left elbow medial epicondylitis. 3. Cervical C5-C6 disk complex. History: The patient presents for follow-up with increasing pain, aching and paresthesias. The patient is working with difficulty and would like to proceed with surgery. Discomfort is 6-8/10. Physical examination: The patient has a normal station and gait with normal respirations. Exam of the left elbow demonstrates medial epicondylar swelling and tenderness with a positive Tinel over the cubital canal. The lateral epicondylar area is non-tender. Mobile wad is non-tender. There is a negative Phalen's test bilaterally and a negative Finkelstein test bilaterally. DF/PF is symmetric al 70/80. GS: R 30 kg, L 18 kg. The patient is noted to be healthy. Alert and oriented x3 with normal affect. Flexor and extensor tendons are intact. Radial pulse is 3+ and symmetric. Digits are warm and pink. Negative scaphoid shin test. Carpus is well-aligned clinically, DRUJ is stable and non-tender. Plan: Natural history was reviewed. The patient will continue with the towel wrapping program. Anticipate the need for left cubital tunnel release with associated medial epicondylar repair as an outpatient. The nature of surgery was reviewed. Anticipate two to four weeks off of work following surgery. Follow-up visit: Diagnosis: MVA 02/YYYY. 1. Left cubital tunnel syndrome with positive EMG and NCV studies. 2. Left elbow medial epicondylitis. 3. Cervical C5-C6 disk complex. History: The patient presents for follow-up with increasing pain, aching and paresthesias, The patient is working with difficulty and would like to proceed with surgery. Discomfort is 6-8/10. Physical examination: The patient has a normal station and gait	Hospital/ Provider Provider Diagnosis: MVA 02/YYYY. 1. Left cubital tunnel syndrome with positive EMG and NCV studies. 2. Left elbow medial epicondylitis. 3. Cervical CS-C6 disk complex.

DOB: MM/DD/YYYY

DATE	FACILITY/ PROVIDER	MEDICAL EVENTS	PDF REF	MEDICAL BILLS
09/22/YYYY	Hospital/ Provider	and tenderness with a positive Tinel over the cubital canal. The lateral epicondylar area is non-tender. Mobile wad is non-tender. There is a negative Phalen's test bilaterally and a negative Finkelstein test bilaterally. DF/PF is symmetric al 70/80. GS: R 30 kg, L 16 kg. The patient is noted to be healthy. Alert and oriented x3 with normal affect. Flexor and extensor tendons arc intact. Radial pulse is 3+ and symmetric. Digits are warm and pink. Negative scaphoid shin test. Carpus is well-aligned clinically, DRUJ is stable and non-tender. Plan: Therapeutic options were reviewed. The patient ha, foiled standard conservative evaluation and care. The decision was made today to proceed with a left cubital tunnel release with a medial epicondylar repair us an outpatient. Morbidity and mortality were reviewed. Anticipate two to four weeks off or work following surgery. We will schedule. H and P was completed. History and physical: (Illegible record) Chief complaint: Left cubital tunnel and medial epicondylitis Present illness: left carpel tunnel/ left medial epicondylitis Physical exam: Left elbow positive Tinel, pain	251	N/A
09/29/YYYY	Hospital/	Impression: left elbow pain Related records: pdf ref: 252 Operative report of carpel tunnel release- left:	306-308	\$6181.97
	Provider	Physical Exam Patient is a 62-year-old female. Surgeon: Frank R. Joseph M.D. Pre-op diagnosis: • Left Cubital Tunnel. Syndrome • Left medial epicondylitis Post-op Diagnosis: The same Procedure Performed: Left Cubital Tunnel release Medial epicondylar repair Anesthesia: General		

Patient Name

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	I KOVIDEK			DILLS
		Operative Note: The patient was taken to the operating room		
		where a standard briefing and timeout was performed. Patient was		
		given appropriate IV preoperative antibiotics. Anesthesia was		
		performed without complications. Standard prep and drape Left		
		The extremity was exsanguinated and the tourniquet was inflated		
		to 250 mmHg. Using 3.5 loupe magnification. Followed by 5.0 loupe magnification. A 6 cm longitudinal, medial incision was		
		made just inferior to the medial epicondyle on the left.		
		Subcutaneous tissue was carefully transected. Multiple branches		
		or the medial ante brachial cutaneous nerve were identified and		
		mobilized with a vessel loop.		
		A proximal to distal dissection of the ulnar nerve was performed,		
		The nerve was noted to be compressed and hyperemic at its apex		
		at Osborne's ligament. The FCU muscle and fascia were		
		appropriately split. Motor branches were identified and protected.		
		Proximal brachial fascia was split A 4 cm section of the medial intramuscular septum was identified		
		and excised, All potential bleeders were etectrocauterized.		
		At this point it was felt that the nerve had been completely		
		decompressed and was stable. No masses or anatomic anomalies		
		were encountered. The motor branches were noted to be intact.		
		The medial epicondylar area was identified. Split longitudinally		
		scar tissue was excised, bone was soaped to a bleeding surface and		
		a formal repair was performed with interrupted 4-0 Vicryl		
		The area was aggressively irrigated with normal saline. Subcutaneous tissue was infiltrated with 025% Marcaine with		
		epinephrine.		
		Subcutaneous tissue was closed in layers with 2.0 and 4-0 Vicryl		
		followed by a standard skin closure and compressive dressing.		
		The tourniquet was released. The patient tolerated the procedure		
		well and was transferred to the recovery room in stable condition		
		Return to Office: Frank Joseph, MD for Recheck at St. Joseph's		
		on 10/10/YYYY at 08:45 AM		
		Related records: pdf ref: 347-349, 251-254, 355-356		
10/04/YYYY	Hospital/	Follow-up Visit:	304-306	N/A
	Provider	нрі		
		Patient is status post left cubital tunnel release with medial		
		epicondylar repair 9/29/YYYY		
		Patient returns with some aching and inability to change her		
		dressing		
		Dhysical Even		
		Physical Exam Patient is a 62-year-old female.		
		The patient is noted to be alert and oriented x3 with normal mood.		
		Station and affect. Normal gait. Pulses are +3 and symmetric.		
		Sandon and arrest riormar gare r arrest are 15 and symmetric.	<u> </u>	<u> </u>

DATE	FACILITY/	MEDICAL EVENTS	PDF REF	MEDICAL
	PROVIDER	Digits are warm and pink. Carpus is well aligned clinically. DRUJ is stable and non-tender, Normal skin texture. No skin ulcers are noted. No evidence of infection. Excellent healing of incision dressing is dry and intact removed no its infection Assessment/ Plan		BILLS
		Diagnosis and pathophysiology was reviewed at length with the patient. Activity levels were discussed in detail. Follow-up care was reviewed. Appropriate OTC NSAID use was reviewed Dressing changed by myself. Area redressed. Rx of Ambien 5 mg patient will RTC 1 week for reevaluation. Possible rehab		
		125. Lesion of ulnar nerve – Left: Lesion of ulnar nerve. Left upper limb Ambien 5 mg tablet – Take 1 tablet al bed lime as needed post-surgery Qty: 12 tablet(s) Refills: 0 Return to Office:		
		• Frank Joseph, MD tor Recheck at Roswell on 10/11/YYYY at 0945 AM Related records: Pdf ref: 344-346		
10/11/YYYY	Hospital/ Provider	Follow-up visit: Chief Complaint: Diagnosis: Left cubital tunnel release 09/29/YYYY.	303-304	N/A
		HPI: The patient relates some aching and stiffness. Working but on a limited basis. Current level of discomfort is 2-4/10.		
		Physical Exam Patient is a 62-yoar-old female. Excellent healing. Trace swelling. No evidence of infection. Range of motion of left elbow is 30/90. The patient is noted to be healthy, alert and oriented x3 with normal affect. Flexor and extensor tendons are intact, 3+ symmetric radial pulses. Digits are warm and pink. Negative scaphoid shift test. Carpus is well-aligned clinically. DRUJ is stable and non-tender.		
		Assessment/ Plan Suture end trimmed. Light dressing. Patient strongly encouraged to increase mobilization of the elbow. We will initiate rehab. The patient will RTO 2 weeks for reevaluation. OTC NSAIDs. The patient again is working on a limited basis. 125. Lesion of ulnar nerve: Lesion of ulnar nerve. Left		

DATE	FACILITY/ PROVIDER	MEDICAL EVENTS	PDF REF	MEDICAL BILLS
10/16/YYYY	Hospital/ Provider	upper limb • Physical therapy elbow referral· Schedule Within: provider's discretion Side: LEFT Evaluate & Treat: yes Visits per Week: 3 Number of Weeks; 4 Total# of Visits: 12 Return to Office • Rakhi Sujeet Gaonkar, OT for Rehab New Patient at Rehab Roswell on 10/16/YYYY at 11:00 AM • Frank Joseph, MD for Recheck at Roswell on 10/30/YYYY at 10:00 AM Related records: Pdf ref: 341-343 Occupational Therapy visit: Chief Complaint: Left elbow problem evaluation Physical Therapy Episodes	295-298, 636-637	\$246.33
		Episode: Left elbow pain 10/16/17 HPI: Location: Left Quality: Aching; stabbing; hypersensitivity along the surgical incision Severity: Pain level 8/10 Aggravating Factors: Lifting; gripping: grasping 62 y/o female with s/p left cubital tunnel release done on 9/29/17		
		.Discharge sutures to 10/4/17 and ref to therapy PMH: MVA post Chest injury and complains with L SF, RF, dec sensation Occupational history: Event planner, computer work Hobbies: Gardening		
		Physical Exam: Patient is a 62-year-old female Elbow-R L Ext/flex 0/147,-47/118 Wrist-R L Flexion: 0/65 0/40 Extension: 0/65 0/60 RD: 0/40 0/15 UD: 0/55 0/40		

DATE	FACILITY/	MEDICAL EVENTS	PDF REF	MEDICAL
	PROVIDER	Forearm R L		BILLS
		Pron: 0/60 0/65		
		Sup: 0/75 0/35		
		Supremental states		
		Finger IF SF		
		MP 0/60 0/70		
		PIP 0/80 12/80		
		DIP 0/70 0/78		
		R 50 # ,40# 45# LNT		
		LINI		
		Pinch: R L		
		Lat 16#		
		2 pt 10#		
		3 jaw 9#		
		Edema:		
		R elbow: 26.7 cms		
		L elbow: 27.0 cms		
		Sensations: Numbness in the L SF, RF burning in the elbow		
		Procedure :Manual Therapy: 15 minutes		
		The patient received manual therapy consisting of PROM, gentle		
		passive stretches to the wrist		
		OT evaluation low complex		
		Occupational therapy low complex evaluation performed		
		Assessment/Plan:		
		Assessment		
		Rehab Potential: Good		
		Patients presents with the following problems that require skilled		
		rehabilitation:		
		• Pain.		
		Decreased ROM		
		Decreased Strength.		
	· ·	Decreased ADL Function.		
		Plan:		
		Treatment Frequency/Duration: 3 visit(s)/week for 4 week(s).		
		Treatment Plan to include but not limited to: Education &		
		HEP		
		Therapeutic Exercise		
		Manual Therapy & Joint Mobilization		
		Modalities		
		1. Pain in elbow: Pain in left elbow		

DATE	FACILITY/ PROVIDER	MEDICAL EVENTS	PDF REF	MEDICAL BILLS
	TROVIDER	2. Cubital tunnel syndrome: Lesion of ulnar nerve, left upper limb		DILLO
		Return to office:		
		• Rakhi Sujeet Gaonkar. OT for Rehab Follow Up at Rehab		
		Roswell on 10/26/YYYY at 12:30 PM		
		• Rakhi Sujeet Gaonkar. OT for Rehab New Patient at Rehab Roswell on 10/30/YYYY at 09:00 AM		
		• Frank Joseph, MD for Recheck at Roswell on 10/30/YYYY at		
		10:00 AM		
10/26/YYYY	Hospital/	Occupational Therapy visit:	292-295,	\$95.33
	Provider		637	
		Chief Complaint: Elbow Problem Daily		
		Physical Therapy Episodes		
		Episode: Left elbow pain 10/16/17		

		HPI: Location: Left		
		Quality: Aching; stabbing; hypersensitivity along the surgical		
		incision		
		Severity: Pain level 8/10		
		Aggravating Factors: Lifting; gripping: grasping		
		62 y/o female with s/p left cubital tunnel release done on 9/29/17 .Discharge sutures to 10/4/17 and ref to therapy		
		PMH: MVA post Chest injury and complains with L SF, RF, dec sensation		
		Occupational history: Event planner, computer work		
		Hobbies: Gardening		
		Physical Exam: Patient is a 62-year-old female		
		Elbow-R L		
		Ext/flex 0/147,-47/118		
		Wrist-R L		
		Flexion: 0/65 0/40		
		Extension: 0/65 0/60		
		RD: 0/40 0/15		
		UD: 0/55 0/40		
		Forearm R L		
		Pron: 0/60 0/65		
		Sup: 0/75 0/35		
		Finger IF SF		
		MP 0/60 0/70		

PIP 0/80 12/80 DIP 0/70 0/78 R 50 # .40# 45# LNT Pinch: R L Lat 16# 2 pt 10# 3 jaw 9# Edema: R elbow: 26.7 cms L elbow: 27.0 cms Sensations: Numbness in the L SF, RF burning in the elbow Procedure: Manual Therapy: 20 minutes The patient received manual therapy consisting of gentle passive stretches to the elbow and the wrist in supine position, scar massage, desensitization Hot/Cold Pack: 10 minutes Treatment of Moist Heat was applied during post—treatment for the above noted minutes. Pre and post skin checks performed with no adverse reaction. Assessment Patient continues to present with hypersensitivity along surgical incision. Fair tolerance to passive stretches to the elbow and the wrist. Surgical incision is healing well but presents with scar tissue. Plan Next visit will focus on desensitization and rom to benefit the patient's functional limitations noted today. 1. Pain in elbow: Pain in left elbow 2. Cubital tunnel syndrome: Lesion of ulnar nerve, loft upper limb Return to Office • Frank Joseph, MD for Recheck at Roswell on 10/30/YYYY at 10:00 AM • Rakhi Suject Gaonkar. OT for Rehab New Patient al Rehab Roswell on 11/01/YYYY at 01:30 PM Follow-up visit: Poliow-up visit: Poliow-up visit: Poliow-up visit: Plank Jespital/Provider	DATE	FACILITY/ PROVIDER	MEDICAL EVENTS	PDF REF	MEDICAL BILLS
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10/30/YYYY Hospital/ Follow-up visit: 290-292 N/A Provider					
Provider	10/30/YYYY	Hospital/		290-292	N/A
Chief Complaint. None recolued		-	Chief complaint: None recorded		

DATE	FACILITY/ PROVIDER	MEDICAL EVENTS	PDF REF	MEDICAL BILLS
	PROVIDER	HPI: Diagnosis: Cubital tunnel release 09/29/17. History: Moderate aching. Some incisional hypersensitivity. Physical exam: Patient is a 62-year-old female. Incision is well healed. There is no focal Tinel, but the incision is tender. Patient lacks 10 degrees of extension with full flexion. No instability or evidence of infection. Normal station, gait, and respirations. The patient s noted to be healthy, alert and oriented x3 with normal affect. Flexor and extensor tendons are intact, 3+ symmetric radial pulses. Digits are warm and pink. Negative scaphoid shift test. Carpus is well-aligned clinically, DRUJ is stable and non-tender Assessment/Plan: Patient will continue with rehab to include desensitization. Rx of Voltaren gel. Patient is working. RTO 6 weeks for reevaluation. OTC NSAIDs. Lesion of ulnar nerve: Lesion or ulnar nerve, left upper limb Return to Office Rakhi Sujeet Gaonkar, OT for Rehab Follow Up at Rehab Roswell on 11/01/YYYY at 01:30 PM Frank Joseph. MD for Recheck at Roswell on 12/11/YYYY at 10: 15 AM		BILLS
12/11/YYYY	Hospital/ Provider	Follow-up visit: Chief complaint: Follow up: lesion of ulnar nerve 0/10 Left side occasional pain right elbow pain now hurting HPI: Diagnosis: MVA 02/14/YYYY. 1. Left cubital tunnel release 09129/YYYY. 2. Right lateral epicondylitis, new diagnosis. History: The patient presents for follow-up. Left elbow is feeling better. Paresthesias arc improving. The patient relates persistent right elbow pain since the day of the injury and is now requesting evaluation and care. The patient relates difficulty gripping and lifting. The patient is working. Physical Exam	287-290, 637	\$258.12

DATE	FACILITY/ PROVIDER	MEDICAL EVENTS	PDF REF	MEDICAL BILLS
	INOVIDER	Patient is a 62-vear-old female.		DILLO
		Normal station, gait, and respirations.		
		Left elbow is well healed with minimal swelling. Negative Tinel.		
		FROM. No instability.		
		Exam of right elbow demonstrates classic lateral epicondylar		
		tenderness with swelling. Mobile wad is non-tender. FROM.		
		Negative Tinel over the cubital canal.		
		Negative Phalen's test bilaterally. Negative Tinel bilaterally.		
		Negative Finkelstein test bilaterally.		
		The patient is noted to be healthy, alert and oriented x3 with		
		normal affect. Flexor and extensor tendons are intact. 3+		
		symmetric radial pulses. Digits are warm and pink. Negative		
		scaphoid shift test. Carpus is well-aligned clinically. DRUJ is		
		stable and non-tender.		
		Imaging: X-rays were ordered, performed, and interpreted by me.		
		Three views of the right elbow are negative for OA or STC. Some		
		slight osteopenia is noted.		
		*Reviewers comment: The above mentioned original X-ray report		
		of right elbow is unavailable for review*		
		Assessment/Plan		
		Natural history reviewed. Pros and cons of injection or MRI		
		discussed. Patient encouraged to start using Voltaren gel on the		
		right. RTC in 6 weeks for reevaluation. Should right elbow continue to		
		be symptomatic. Would be inclined to proceed with MRI and/or		
		injection. Possibility of rehabilitation was specifically discussed		
		on the right but deferred per patient.		
		1. Lesion of ulnar nerve: Lesion of ulnar nerve, left upper limb		
		2. Lateral epicondylitis – Right: Lateral epicondylitis. Right elbow3. Pain in elbow: Pain in right elbow		
	_	J. 1 am in Cloow. I am in fight Cloow		
		Return to Office: Frank Joseph. MD for Recheck at Roswell on		
		02/05/YYYY at 10:15 AM		
	Ť	Related records: Pdf ref: 335-337		
01/08/YYYY	Hospital/	Follow-up Visit:	33-34	N/A
	Provider	TT: 4 C 4 III		
		History of present illness:		
		Patient words: sinus infection? Patient mentioned that there is pressure in her face, and		
		Patient mentioned that there is pressure in her face, and discomfort in her right ear.		
		The patient is a 62 year old female who presents with sinusitis.		
		Feeling well until symptoms started 2 days ago		
		sinus congestion; right sided sinus pressure without much mucus		
		production		

DATE	FACILITY/	MEDICAL EVENTS	PDF REF	MEDICAL
	PROVIDER	-1-1-4		BILLS
		right ear pain/pressure		
		symptoms worsening, chilled		
		Assessment & Plan: Acute maxillary sinusitis, Hypertension		
		Impression: 62 y/o female with right sided sinus congestion/pressure, right ear pressure x 2 days – symptoms worsening, not much mucus production. Afebrile, right sided sinus tenderness to palpation; congestion; lungs CTAB Suspect viral etiology. Explained to patient that most upper respiratory, throat, and sinus infections are viral in etiology and typically should resolve in 7-10 days, maximum of 14 days. Antibiotics do not help with viral infections and may lead to antibiotic resistance if overused, thus will hold antibiotic treatment at this time. Augmentin written for if symptoms continue to worsen (patient requests for abx)		
		Encouraged patient to use symptomatic therapy including		
		Mucinex, Tylenol or Advil, fluids, and rest. Patient to call back if		
		not improving or any concerning symptoms.		
		Summary of Post motor vehicle collision		
		Date of collision: 03/23/YYYY		
03/23/YYYY	Hospital/	Emergency room visit:	140-146	N/A
	Provider	Arrival time: 17:05 hours		
		Triage: Less urgent		
		Vital signs:		
		Pulse: 92 beats/ minute		
		Respiration: 16 breaths/ minute Blood pressure: 165/85mmhg		
		SpO2: 97%		
		Pain: 6/10		
		GCS: 15		
		Chief complaint: Motor vehicle collision		
		Mode of arrival: Transported by EMS- Gwinnett County		
		Reviewers comment: The above mentioned EMS report of Gwinnett County is unavailable for review		
		Onset of symptoms: 30 minutes ago		
		Patient reports to emergency department complains of neck tightness and left ear pain after being rear ended in MVA,. Patient		

DATE	FACILITY/ PROVIDER	MEDICAL EVENTS	PDF REF	MEDICAL BILLS
		reports she was restrained driver, no LOC, no Airbag deployment.		
		Nursing assessment: General Presentation: Appears in no acute distress. Fully verbal.		
		HEENT: Eyes, ears and nose without visible drainage or Injury. Swallowing without difficulty		
		Pulmonary: Bilateral breath sounds clear. Respirations regular end unlaboured. Mucous membranes and nail beds pink.		
		Circulatory/Cardiac: Pulse present and regular. Capillary refill less than 2 seconds	>	
		Neurologic: Alert end oriented person, place, and time. Speech clear. Responds to commands. Moves all extremities		
		Skin/Soft Tissue: Skin is warm, dry and intact with normal color and turgor. There is pain noted over the C spine and posterior neck. Neurovascular exam intact.		
		Musculoskeletal/ Extremities: ROM intact for al extremities, no muscle weakness. Normal ambulatory status.		
		Nursing Notes: Patient ambulated to the bathroom with steed and even gait Patient received Ativan in CT room for anxiety. Good airway Patient given crackers and water. Tolerating well		
		Clinician history of present illness: Summary		
		The patient is a 62 year old female who presents to the ED today for a MVA. Today the patient was a restrained driver when she was rear ended. Immediately she states that she experienced neck pain, she states that her head was turned so when she was hit it caused her neck to jerk. The airbags were not deployed. She complains of a left aided headache, left ear pain but denies dizziness. She has a medical history of hypertension and breast cancer; she is now cancer free and received chemotherapy and		
		radiation for 1 year. She has a surgical history that consists of left breast lumpectomy, appendectomy, tonsillectomy, and left elbow surgery. No other associating symptoms and modifying factors were reported upon examination.		
		No history to suggest any head injury. This is note job related problem. History comes from patient. Have reviewed and agree with RN note. Able to get a good history. Presenting problem started hour(s) ago.		

DATE	FACILITY/ PROVIDER	MEDICAL EVENTS	PDF REF	MEDICAL BILLS
	THOTHER	Patient problems: Benign hypertension Anxiety Status post MVA Closed Injury of head Posttraumatic headache Injury of neck Review of systems: He has headache. Has neck pain. No fever. No double vision *Reviewers comment: The diagnostic reports are elaborated in detail below* Primary diagnosis: Status post MVA Closed injury of head Injury of neck Posttraumatic headache Left apical radiation fibrosis and of left upper lung		
		Disposition: Decision: Discharge Condition at discharge: Stable Patient ambulated out of ED without difficulty Discharge to home. Patient left via private vehicle as a passenger Discharge prescriptions: • Cyclobenzaprine tablet 10 mg 1 tablet(s) By Mouth Every 8 Hours • Tramadol tablet 60 mg 1 tablet(s) By Mouth Every 8 Hours • Zofran ODT tablet, disintegrating 4 mg 1 tablet(s) Orally Every 8 Hours Related records: Pdf ref: 147-150		
03/23/YYYY	Hospital/ Provider	CT of Angio Neck with-without contrast & post: Indication: MVA; head and neck injury; left-sided headache and neck pain; opacified left lung apex; history of breast cancer Findings: The imaged intracranial contents are normal. The imaged paranasal sinuses and mastoid air cells are clear. No lesions are present within the mucosal space. The	151-152	N/A

DATE	FACILITY/ PROVIDER	MEDICAL EVENTS	PDF REF	MEDICAL BILLS
		parapharyngeal fat is symmetric. No masses are appreciated within the carotid, parotid, masticator spaces. The tonsils are symmetric. There is no evidence of a mass within the floor the mouth or the mobile tongue. The submandibular glands are symmetric. There is no significant adenopathy. There is a smooth appearance to the epiglottis and aryepiglottic folds. There is no evidence of a mass in the region the true vocal cords. The laryngeal cartilages are intact. The thyroid gland is grossly normal.		
		Posterior left lung apex demonstrates consolidation with air bronchograms. This may be due to inclusion within radiation field.	>	
		CT angiography demonstrates a normal variant branching pattern to the great vessels. Left vertebral artery directly arises from the aortic arch. Origin of the left subclavian artery demonstrates nonspecific mild wall thickening. There is no evidence of the stenosis at their origins.		
		There is no evidence of a stenosis at the origin of the vertebral arteries and there is antegrade flow bilaterally.		
		The common carotid arteries are of normal caliber. There is no evidence of a significant stenosis in either carotid bifurcation. There is enhancement in the distal vertebral arteries. There is enhancement of visualized portions of basilar artery.		
		Impression: 1. Posterior left apical consolidation, possibly secondary to radiation therapy. Comparison with prior outside facility chest radiograph is recommended to assess chronicity. Follow-up to complete resolution is otherwise recommended. 2. Nonspecific mild thickening of the wall involving left subclavian artery origin.		
02/22/33/33/	TT : 1/	3. Otherwise, normal CTA of the neck vessels.	152 154	NT/A
03/23/YYYY	Hospital/ Provider	CT of cervical spine: History: MVA/ injury	153-154	N/A
		Comparison: None		
		Findings: All 7 cervical vertebrae are visualized and aligned. No fracture or subluxation. Prevertebral soft tissue is normal. Degenerative changes are present including spur and ossicle formation at the anterior atlantoaxial joint. There is disc space narrowing at C5-6. Alignment is straightened.		

DATE	FACILITY/	MEDICAL EVENTS	PDF REF	MEDICAL
	PROVIDER	There is opacification of the left lung apex. Minimal aerated lung		BILLS
		is observed anteriorly.		
		Impression:		
		1. No acute fracture or subluxation.		
		2. Mild degenerative changes.		
		3. Straight alignment which may be secondary muscle spasm,		
		positioning or soft tissue injury.		
		4. Opacification of the left lung apex. Chest x-ray or CT cheat may evaluate further.		
		Clinical correlation is recommended. If clinical suspicion persists, MRI may be more sensitive.		
03/23/YYYY	Hospital/	CT of chest with contrast:	155-156	N/A
03/23/1111	Provider	of or enest with contrast.	100 100	1 1/11
	110,1001	History: MVA/ left apical CAP on chest x-ray		
		Comparison: None		
		Findings:		
		Lower neck showed no acute abnormalities		
		Lung and Pleura: Consolidation with air bronchograms and		
		straight margin posterior left lung apex most likely arises from lying within radiation field. No pleural effusion.		
		Tracheobronchial tree showed no acute abnormalities.		
		Mediastinal and hilar structures: have normal contour. No abnormal masses or inflammatory changes. No significant lymphadenopathy.		
		тупірпацепораціу.		
		Heart/Great Vessels: Normal heart size and contour. No pericardial effusion. Normal great vessels.		
		Coronary Artery Calcification: None.		
		Cheat wall: Normal.		
		The visuali2ed upper abdomen showed no focal abnormality though the upper abdomen was not specifically evaluated on this cheat study.		
		No musculoskeletal abnormalities.		
		ino musculoskeletai aulioililaitties.		
		Impression:		
		1. Consolidation with air bronchograms and straight margin and		
		posterior left lung apex is most likely due to previous radiation. 2. No pleural fluid		

DATE	FACILITY/ PROVIDER	MEDICAL EVENTS	PDF REF	MEDICAL BILLS
		3. No evidence of acute vessel, organ, or bone injury.		-
03/23/YYYY	Hospital/	CT of head without contrast:	157	N/A
	Provider	History: MVA/ injury		
		Comparison: None		
		Findings: The ventricles are normal in size and configuration. No focal intra parenchymal lesions are present. No acute hemorrhage. There is no evidence of midline shift or mass effect. No extra-axial fluid collections are present. The visualized paranasal sinuses and mastoid air cells are clear. The intraorbital contents are grossly normal in appearance. No hemorrhage, mass lesion, or acute infarction is demonstrated. There is hyperostosis frontalis interna.		
		Impression: 1. No acute findings on non-contrast CT scan of the head.		
		If patient develops a persistent neurologic deficit, further evaluation with MRI with diffusion weighted imaging may be of assistance.		
03/23/YYYY	Hospital/ Provider	X-Ray of chest: History: MVA/ Abnormal CT left lung apex Comparison: None Findings:	158	N/A
		There is a homogeneous left apical cap which could represent sub pleural hematoma or chronic pleural and parenchymal scarring. No pneumothorax. Lungs are otherwise clear.		
		Cardio mediastinal silhouette appears unremarkable.		
		Impression: 1. There is a homogeneous left apical cap which could represent sub pleural hematoma or chronic pleural and parenchymal scarring. No pneumothorax.		
03/29/YYYY	Hospital/ Provider	Office visit: Chief complaint: HTN follow up, Request refill of Xanax for	31-32	N/A
		anxiety- helps sleep The patient is a 62 year old female who presents for follow-up of hypertension. And has not been checking blood pressures. The patient has been compliant with their medications and there have		

DATE	FACILITY/	MEDICAL EVENTS	PDF REF	MEDICAL
	PROVIDER	have no side effects. There has been no associated short noise		BILLS
		been no side effects. There has been no associated chest pain, headache or edema. Note for "Hypertension Follow-Up": 195/110		
		at Gwinnett Medical ER 6 days ago; 147/110 upon discharge per		
		patient		
		Assessment & Plan: Hypertension		
		Assessment & Frant. Hypertension		
		Impression: Within normal limits today on Lisinopril-HCTZ		
		suspect anxiety highly contributes to her BP elevations		
		Encourage regular exercise of at least 30 minutes three times/week, weight 105.5, and low salt diet (1,500mg/day).		
		Advice limited alcohol intake.		
		Patient is to monitor BP readings outside the office with arm cuff		
		and call if> 140/90 consistently.		
		*Reviewers comment: Since this visits is unrelated it's not		
		elaborated in detail*		
03/29/YYYY	Hospital/	Follow-up visit:	285-287,	\$394.77
	Provider	Chief Complaint: Neck/C-spine problem	638	
		Rear ended on 03/23/18, Neck pain with clicking, stiffness		
		rear cheet on 65/25/10, Neek pain with cheeting, stiffness		
		HPI: Patient is a 62-year-old woman who is well known to me but		
		is being seen today for a new problem. She was involved in a		
		motor vehicle collision on 3/23/YYYY. She was at a complete		
		stop with her head turned to the left checking for traffic when an automobile rear-ended her. She was taken by ambulance to		
		Gwinnett medical where she was evaluated with CT scan and		
		given prescription medications and eventually released. She has		
		continued to have constant pain in the neck with a clicking		
		sensation. She is not having numbness or tingling down the arms.		
		She rales her pain level 7 out of 10. Aching in quality.		
		Reviewed Problems		
		• Lesion or ulnar nerve-Onset: 05/31/YYYY		
		• Displacement of cervical intervertebral disc – Onset:		
		05/31/YYYY		
		• Cervical disc disorder – Onset: 02/22/YYYY		
		 Neck pain – Onset: 04/05/YYYY Closed fracture of surgical neck of humerus Onset: 06/05/YYYY 		
		• Neck sprain · Onset: 02/22/YYYY		
		Review of system: Positive for anxiety and fatigue		
		Physical Exam		
		Patient is 62 year old female.		
		General Appearance: Patient appears their stated age. Alert and		
		oriented x 3. Affect is appropriate.		
		Cervical exam: Inspection shows head held in a normal posture.		

		MEDICAL BILLS
PROVIDER	There are no obvious skin changes, atrophy, or asymmetry. Palpation shows tenderness to palpation of the paraspinals, Range of motion shows normal motion inflexion, extension and	2225
	decreased toward end ranges of rotation and bilateral side bending.	
	Upper extremity exam: Inspection shows no evidence of significant skin changes, atrophy, or asymmetry. Palpation shows no tenderness. Range of Mot on shows normal motion of the shoulders, elbows, and wrists. Stability: No evidence of ligamentous laxity/instability. No crepitus noted. Strength: Manual muscle testing shows 5/5 strength throughout the major muscle groups of the upper extremities.	
	Neurological Sensation is intact to light touch throughout the upper extremities. Deep tendon reflexes: 2 + biceps, 2·+ brachioradialis, and 2t- triceps bilaterally. Provocative Maneuvers: Spurling's is negative bilaterally. Cardiovascular: Distal pulses are palpable.	
	Lymph Node: No palpable lymphadenopathy Assessment/ Plan Imaging:	
	4 views of the cervical spine ordered, performed and interpreted by me today shows normal vertebral body alignment with mildly diminished cervical lordosis. There is narrowing of the disc space al C5-6.	
	Reviewers comment: The original X-ray report of cervical spine is unavailable for review	
	Assessment: 1. Acute cervical sprain secondary to rear end motor vehicle collision on 3/23/18. Patient was doing well prior to the accident and not experiencing any of her current symptoms. 2. Mild degenerative disc disease at C5-6	
	Recommendations: 1. X-ray and exam findings were discussed and her symptoms appear to be myofascial in nature, She has a massage therapist that	
	she has worked within the past and she like to try this to see if this can ease her symptoms. She also attended rehabilitation services for the cervical spine previously so she understands how to perform the exercises independently.	
	 I will provide her a referral for rehabilitation services in the event the treatment outlined above is not completely effective Medrol Dosepak to be taken as directed Recheck in 6 weeks. Sooner if needed 	

DATE	FACILITY/ PROVIDER	MEDICAL EVENTS	PDF REF	MEDICAL BILLS
	IKOVIDEK	Neck pain: Cervicalgia		DILLS
		Cervical spine 4 views		
		Acute cervical sprain: Sprain of ligaments of cervical spine. Initial encounter Physical therapy neck referral – Schedule Within: provider's		
		discretion		
		Evaluate & Treat: Cervical spine Visits per Week: 1-2		
		Number of Weeks: 6 Total# of Visits: 12		
		Exercises: Stretching, ROM. Flexibility, Strengthening as Modalities: Yes, as needed. Include dry needling as appropriate. HEP appropriate		
		Manual Therapy: Joint and Soft tissue mobilization techniques. And traction		
		Medrol (Pak) 4 mg tablets in a dose pack – Take as directed on patient instruction card Qty: 1 dose-pack(s) of 21 Refills:		
		Return to office to see Krystal Chambers, MD at St. Joseph's on or around 05/10/YYYY		
		Related records: Pdf ref: 243-246, 332-334		
04/05/YYYY	Hospital/ Provider	Initial physical therapy visit: Chief Complaint: Neck/Cervical Problem Evaluation	282-285, 638-639	\$320.85
		Physical Therapy Episodes: Episode: Neck pain S/P MVA/pain/dec ROM 4/5/18		
		HPI: Patient was in MVA 2 weeks ago, hit from behind with left side of her head hilting the headrest. Immediate pain and to the ER. She was seen here last year for cervical issues but had been		
		doing very well and had stayed consistent with HEP, History of		
		breast CA, 2000. General health is good. Pain is constant. Achy at 8/10. Pain is across upper back into cervical paraspinals, jaw and		
		right SCM with no UE symptoms, Pain will decrease slightly with neat and ice.		
		Physical Exam Patient is a 62 year old famale		
		Patient is a 62-year-old female, Severe loss of cervical extension. Moderate loss of flexion and		
		bilateral rotation. Some centralization with retractions. Tight and tender throughout upper back.		
		Strength: WNL (Within normal limits)		
		Exercise		

DATE	FACILITY/ PROVIDER	MEDICAL EVENTS	PDF REF	MEDICAL BILLS
	1110 (1221	MVA with cervical pain: 1 of 60		DILLO
		Cervical rotation x 10		
		Shrugs x 10		
		Retractions supine x 10		
		Procedure Documentation		
		Therapeutic Exercise: 20 minutes		
		The patient performed therapeutic exercise to develop strength. ROM and flexibility. See exercise log for specific information.		
		Hot/Cold Pack: 10 minutes		
		Treatment of Cold Pack was applied during post –treatment for the above noted minutes.		
		PT Eval Low Complex:		
		Physical Therapy Low Complex Evaluation performed.		
		Cervical Cold Pack: Cervical Cold Pack was supplied to the patient for home use.		
		Oversize Cold Pack: Oversize Cold Pack was supplied to the patient for home use.		
		Assessment: Rehab Potential: Good		
		Patients presents with the following problems that require skilled rehabilitation:		
		• Pain.		
		 Decreased ROM. 		
		 Decreased Strength. 		
		Decreased ADL Function.		
		Plan: Patient is scheduling dry needling for next week.		
		Treatment Frequency/Duration: 2 visit(s)/week for 6 week(s).		
)	Treatment Plan to include but not limited to:		
		Education & HEP		
		Therapeutic Exercise		
		Manual Therapy & Joint Mobilization		
		Modalities		
		Return to Office		
		 Jonathan Koontz, PT for Rehab Dry Needling at Rehab Roswell on 04/10/YYYY at 10:00 AM 		
		To see Krystal Chambers. MD at St. Joseph's on or around 05/10/YYYY		

DATE	FACILITY/ PROVIDER	MEDICAL EVENTS	PDF REF	MEDICAL BILLS
		Krystal Chambers, MD for Recheck at SL Joseph's on 05/10/YYYY at 01:15 PM		
04/12/YYYY	Hospital/ Provider	Follow-up visit:	27-30	N/A
		History of present illness: Patient words: Patient is here for CPE. The patient is a 62 year old female who presents for a physical exam. General health: feels well with no complaints (seen 3 weeks ago after MVA and BP was elevated in ambulance. BP since has been ok. Patient feeling fine since then. Saw Dr. Chambers with Resurgens for f/u neck-referred to PT and did dry needling and she is doing well.). The patient's appetite is normal. Nutrition: normal/adequate. Additional reasons for visit: Breast cancer is described as the following:		
		Note for "Breast cancer": left lumpectomy with Dr Amerson 2000, chemo (Adriamycin and Cytoxin) and radiation with Dr bowen 3 years Tamoxifen, then changed to Femara Mammogram/ultrasound yearly June. Assessment & Plan: Routine medical exam		
		Impression: CBC/comp normal with Dr bowen a few weeks ago chest x-ray with Gwinnett medical utd mammogram/pap/colonoscopy/dexa *Reviewers comment: Since this visits is unrelated it's not		
05/10/YYYY	Hospital/ Provider	 elaborated in detail* Follow-up visit: Chief Complaint: Neck/C-spine problem History: Has had about 6-8 sessions of PT. she feels the traction 	276-279, 639	\$164.12
		and dry needling helps. The dry needling hurts at the time but does relax the area afterwards. She is unable to sleep at night and wonders if there are some suggestions for that. The MDP was picked up but she has not taken it due to an upcoming physical and her concern about false-positives.		
		HPI: Pain is mostly constant (7-8/10) in neck area that radiates into upper back with not radiating symptoms into the arms. She mentioned that she feels Knots in her neck at times. Dry needling helps, ice, rest and heat helps ease the discomfort. Turning her head and lying down makes it worse.		
		Reviewed Problems • Lesion or ulnar nerve-Onset: 05/31/YYYY		

DATE	FACILITY/ PROVIDER	MEDICAL EVENTS	PDF REF	MEDICAL BILLS
		 Displacement of cervical intervertebral disc – Onset: 05/31/YYYY Cervical disc disorder – Onset: 02/22/YYYY Neck pain – Onset: 04/05/YYYY Closed fracture of surgical neck of humerus · Onset: 06/05/YYYY Neck sprain · Onset: 02/22/YYYY 		
		HPI: Patient follows up today for pain in cervical spine extending in her trapezius muscles on both sides and up her neck. She is not having any pain numbness or tingling down the arms. The symptoms came about after being involved in a motor vehicle accident on 3/23/YYYY. She did not take the oral steroids because she had a pending physical. She had a couple sessions of rehabilitation services. Dry needling helped her periscapular and trapezius pain but did not help the upper cervical pain. The upper cervical muscular pain responded better to manual Traction/manipulation.		
		Physical Exam Patient is 62·year·old female. Exam shows a normal cervical posture. Range or motion is decreased with rotation bilaterally. There are no focal motor deficits with manual muscle testing in either upper extremity. The reflexes are trace to 1+ in both upper extremities and equal. There is diffuse myofascial tenderness in the cervical paraspinals and upper trapezius muscles on both sides		
		Assessment/ Plan Imaging: 4 views of the cervical spine ordered, performed and interpreted by me today shows normal vertebral body alignment with mildly diminished cervical lordosis There is narrowing of the disc space at C5-6.		
		Assessment: 1. Acute cervical sprain secondary to rear end motor vehicle collision on 3/23/18. Patient was doing well prior to the accident and not experiencing any of her current symptoms. 2. Mild degenerative disc disease at C5-6		
		Recommendations: 1. Patient is continuing to have symptoms but has had limited rehabilitation visits. I like for her to continue working with a rehab therapist 1-2 times weekly over the next 6 weeks 2. She will go ahead with the Medrol Dosepak as previously recommended 3. We talked about modifications to her pillow arrangement 4. She will try melatonin for sleep 5. Recheck		

DATE	FACILITY/ PROVIDER	MEDICAL EVENTS	PDF REF	MEDICAL BILLS
		in 4-6 weeks, Patient left today after all concerns and questions were addressed		
		Pain in cervical spine: Cervicalgia Physical therapy neck referral – Schedule Within: provider's discretion		
		Evaluate & Treat: Cervical spine Visits per Week: 1-2		
		Number of Weeks: 6 Total# of Visits: 12		
		Exercises: Stretching, ROM. Flexibility, Strengthening as appropriate. HEP Modalities: Yes, as needed. Include dry needling as. Appropriate		
		Manual Therapy: Joint and Soft tissue mobilization techniques and traction		
		Return to office to see Krystal Chambers, MD at St. Joseph's on or around 05/10/YYYY		
		Krystal chambers, MD for recheck at St. Joseph's on 06/28/YYYY at 01:15 pm		
		Related records: Pdf ref:241, 328-330		
06/11/YYYY	Hospital/ Provider	Bilateral digital diagnostic mammogram with CAD: Clinical History: Left lumpectomy in 2010.	137	N/A
		Comparison is made to exams dated: 6/21/YYYY ultrasound, 6/21/YYYY mammogram, 6/17/YYYY mammogram, 6/8/YYYY, mammogram, 5/8/YYYY mammogram, and 5/9/YYYY mammogram • Breast Care Specialists, L.L.C.		
		Both breasts are heterogeneously dense, which may obscure small masses.		
		Current study was evaluated with a Computer Aided Detection (CAD) system.		
		The patient is status post lumpectomy of the left breast at 9 o'clock.		
		No significant masses, calcifications, or other findings are seen in either breast.		
		Impression: Benign There is no mammographic evidence of malignancy or recurrence. A follow-up mammogram in 12 months is recommended.		
06/11/YYYY	Hospital/	Ultrasound of both breasts:	138	N/A

DATE	FACILITY/	MEDICAL EVENTS	PDF REF	MEDICAL
07/30/YYYY	PROVIDER Provider Hospital/ Provider	Clinical history: Left lumpectomy in 2010. Comparison is made to exams dated: 6/21/YYYY ultrasound, 6121/YYYY mammogram, 6/87/YYY mammogram, 6/812015, mammogram, 5/8/YYYY mammogram, and 5/9/YYYY mammogram – Breast Care Specialists, L.L.C. Ultrasound of both breasts was performed. The patient is status post lumpectomy of the left breast at 9 o'clock. Normal appearing fibro glandular elements and fatty lobulations are shown throughout. No solid or cystic mass, shadowing focus or echo texture alteration is identified. Impression: Benign – follow-up recommended There is no sonographic evidence of malignancy. A follow-up mammogram in 12 months is recommended. Follow-up Visit: Chief Complaint: Neck/C-spine problem Neck aches comes and goes. Unable to start therapy, due to cost. Neck is better after using special pillow. HPI: Patient follows up today for reevaluation of cervical spine pain which came about following a move vehicle accident. She was unable to start therapy due to cost. Her cervical symptoms are actually somewhat better and she attributes this to using a cervical pillow. Her pain is not gone but rather She experiences a constant lower level or cervical pain. She is not having numbness or tingling in the arms. Physical Exam Patient is a 63-year-old female. Cervical posture is normal with full motion. Pain at the end ranges of rotation and sidebending, There are no obvious motor deficits in the upper extremities. Assessment/ Plan: Imaging: 4 views of the cervical spine ordered. Performed and interpreted by me today shows normal vertebral body alignment with mildly diminished cervical lordosis, There is narrowing of the disc space at C5-6.	274-276, 639	\$98.4808
		Assessment: 1. Acute cervical sprain secondary to rear end motor vehicle collision on 3/23/18. Patient was doing well prior to the accident		

DATE	FACILITY/ PROVIDER	MEDICAL EVENTS	PDF REF	MEDICAL BILLS
		and not experiencing any of her current symptoms. She has been unable to proceed with rehabilitation services due to cost. She reports having some difficulty getting the insurance company for the driver at fault to cover her expenses. She is in the process of getting a new attorney. 2. Mild degenerative disc disease at C5-6 Recommendations: 1. New orders for rehabilitation services were provided 2. No medication prescriptions were needed today 3. Reevaluate 4-6 weeks after she starts rehab services 4. Patient expressed understanding and left today after all concerns were addressed Neck pain: Cervicalgia Physical therapy neck referral – Schedule Within: provider's discretion Evaluate & Treat: Cervical spine Visits per Week: 1-2 Number of Weeks: 6 Total# of Visits: 12 Exercises: Stretching, ROM. Flexibility, Strengthening as appropriate. HEP Modalities: Yes, as needed. Include dry needling as. Appropriate Manual Therapy: Joint and Soft tissue mobilization techniques. And traction Related records: Pdf ref:240, 324-326		
04/10/YYYY - 10/08/YYYY	Hospital/ Provider	Summary of interim physical therapy visits: Date of visits: 04/10/YYYY, 09/18/YYYY, 09/27/YYYY, 10/08/YYYY 04/10/YYYY: Patient arrives for dry needling of cervical spine. Consent form signed. Potent al risks reviewed, and all questions answered. Patient wishes to proceed with intervention. Assessment Dry needling performed in standard fashion without complications. Patient educated on potential side effects as well as expectations. Patient to call with any questions or concerns. In general, The patient is progressing as expected with treatment and POC. Patient tolerance/response to treatment: well Due to continued symptoms noted above the patient requires continued skilled rehabilitation. Anticipate the next encounter will fall appropriately in the treatment pathway.	279-282, 271-274, 268-271, 265-268, 639-640	\$561.10

Patient Name

DATE	FACILITY/ PROVIDER	MEDICAL EVENTS	PDF REF	MEDICAL BILLS
	INOVIDER	Plan		DILLES
		Next visit will focus on repeated movements and exorcises/dry needling as indicated to benefit the patient's functional limitations noted today.		
		09/18/YYYY: Patient has returned. She has not recovered from her MVA yet. She gets massages and they help but she continues with bilateral neck pain up to occiputs and upper chest pain. No N+ T, no UE symptoms. Pain is worse at end of work day.		
		09/27/YYYY: Patient continues to complain of bilateral cervical spine tightness, trigger points. Patient has elevated anxiety about cervical ROM.		
		10/08/YYYY: Patient states neck not a whole lot better. She lost her HEP and has been doing what she remembers		
		Physical Exam: Patient is a 63-year old female.		
		AROM: Minimum and painful loss of L rot and extension. Her side bends are both a mod loss with obvious tight bands of upper traps popping up and rebound pain on way back up.		
		Assessment: Patient's pain appears to be coming from tight upper traps. She has no relief or increase in ROM with mechanical ex. Her upper traps really fatigued with the elevation ex and she could barely do 2 sets with 1# hand weights. Patient performed treatment session today requiring an expected amount of physical and/or verbal Input from the clinician. Patient is progressing with rehab well based on current performance and progress. Patient will benefit from continued skilled therapeutic intervention to maximize functional improvement. Patient continues to demonstrate inability to complete or perform daily activity or ADL's without pan.		
	>	Plan: Goals remain appropriate and patient is on target for achievement by DC. Clinician expects to increase the HEP and progress the treatment at the next visit.		
		* Reviewer's Comments: Only the initial and final visits have been elaborated. Interim visits have been presented cumulatively to avoid repetition and for ease of reference.*		
10/18/YYYY	Hospital/ Provider	Final physical therapy visit: HPI: Patient states last Friday she did her HEP and was in so much pain she was miserable all the next day at a wedding. The	263-265, 641	\$111.85
		pain was shooting up both sides of her neck. She has not done any		

DATE	FACILITY/ PROVIDER	MEDICAL EVENTS	PDF REF	MEDICAL BILLS
11/12/YYYY F	Hospital/Provider	of the exercises since as she's not sure which one caused it. Procedure Documentation Mechanical Traction: The patient received intermittent cervical mechanical traction for 10 minutes at 15 pounds for 20 seconds on, 10 seconds off in supine position. Therapeutic Exercise: 20 minutes The patient performed therapeutic exercise to develop strength, ROM and flexibility. See exercise log for specific information. Assessment/ Plan Assessment: Due to patient complaining of severe pain after HEP therapist advised against upper trap stretches for now. She had no pain with treatment session today. Patient performed treatment session today requiring an expected amount of physical and/or verbal input from the clinician. Patient is progressing with rehab well based on current performance and progress. Patient will benefit from continued skilled therapeutic intervention to maximize Functional improvement. Patient continues to demonstrate inability to complete or perform daily activity of ADL's without pain. Plan: Goals remain appropriate and patient is on target for achievement by DC. Clinician expects to increase the HEP and progress c- spine ROM exercise at the next visit. Return to Office: Lynn Marchisen, PT for Rehab Follow Up at Rehab Roswell on 10/25/YYYYY at 11:30 AM Follow-up Visit: Chief Complaint: Neck/C-spine problem 10 Sessions therapy, no relief, pain is constant with dull stabbing, radiates to head with migraine. HPI: Patient follows up today for reevaluation of cervical spine pain. Her symptoms are due to a motor vehicle accident which occurred in March 2018. She has had 10 sessions of rehabilitation services since her last office visit. She has experienced no relief. She feels that her pain has gotten worse. It is constant in the neck and upper shoulders and extends into the head and she complains of headaches. She is poorly tolerant of medications and only taken occasional Tylenol. Her occasional paresthesias in her left arm and hand.	260-263, 641	MEDICAL BILLS
		Review of systems : Positive for anxiety and fatigue Physical Exam Patient is a 63-year-old female.		

DATE	FACILITY/ PROVIDER	MEDICAL EVENTS	PDF REF	MEDICAL BILLS
	I II O / IDEA	Cervical exam:		
		Inspection : Head is held in normal posture. There are no obvious		
		skin changes. Atrophy or asymmetry.		
		Palpation : No tenderness to palpation of the paraspinals.		
		Range of motion : Decreased toward end ranges of rotation and		
		sidebending		
		Directional preference: None		
		Upper extremity exam:		
		Inspection : No evidence of significant skin changes, atrophy or		
		asymmetry.		
		Palpation: No tenderness to palpation.		
		Range of motion : Normal motion of the shoulders. Elbows, and wrists.		
		Strength: Manual muscle testing shows 515 strength throughout		
		the major muscle groups of the upper extremities.		
		Neurological: Sensation is intact to light touch throughout the		
		upper extremities. Deep tendon reflexes: 2+ biceps, 2+		
		brachioradialis and 2+ triceps bilaterally.		
		Provocative maneuvers : Spurling's is negative bilaterally.		
		Cardiovascular: Distal pulses are Palpable		
		Assessment/ Plan:		
		Imaging:		
		4 views of the cervical spine ordered. Performed and interpreted		
		by me today shows normal vertebral body alignment with mildly		
		diminished cervical lordosis, There is narrowing of the disc space at C5-6.		
		Assessment:		
		1. Acute cervical sprain secondary to rear end motor vehicle		
		collision on 3/23/18. Patient was doing well prior to the accident		
		and not experiencing any of her current symptoms. She has		
		participated in rehabilitation services but her symptoms are worse		
		than before starting.		
		2. Mild degenerative disc disease at C5-6		
)	Recommendations:		
		1. Proceed with MRI of the cervical spine. She will require oral		
		Valium for the study due to anxiety/claustrophobia		
		2. Tizanidine 2 mg 1 p.o., nightly as needed for muscular spasm.		
		#20		
		3. Follow-up when MRI results are available for review.		
		Neck pain: Cervicalgia		
		Physical therapy neck referral – Schedule Within: provider's		
		discretion		
		Evaluate & Treat: Cervical spine Visits per Week: 1-2		

DATE	FACILITY/ PROVIDER	MEDICAL EVENTS	PDF REF	MEDICAL BILLS
12/06/YYYY	FACILITY/ PROVIDER Hospital/ Provider	Number of Weeks: 6 Total# of Visits: 12 Exercises: Stretching, ROM. Flexibility, Strengthening as appropriate. HEP Modalities: Yes, as needed. Include dry needling as. Appropriate Manual Therapy: Joint and Soft tissue mobilization techniques. And traction Related records: Pdf ref:239, 321-323 MRI of cervical spine without contrast: Clinical history: Neck pain, acute cervical sprain secondary to MVC occurred on march 23, 2018 Comparison: 05/23/YYYY Findings: Visualized portions of the posterior fossa structures appear intact. Preserved cervical vertebral body heights with grade 1 retrolisthesis of C5 on C6 with mild intervening spondylotic changes and minor endplate marrow signal. Normal size contour and signal intensity in the cervical cord. No muscle signal abnormality is identified At C2-3 there is no disc bulge or herniation with patent neural foramina bilaterally At C3-4 there is mild central disc bulge without change. Patient neural foramina bilaterally Stable grade 1 retrolisthesis of C5-6 with mild spondylotic changes and mild to moderate broad based posterior osteophytic disc complex, offset to the left causing effacement of the anterior thecal sac without cord indentation. There is moderate asymmetric left uncinate hypertrophy and foraminal stenosis without change. Patient right neural foramen.	310-311, 641	\$1225.00
		left uncinate hypertrophy and foraminal stenosis without change.		
		Impression: • Stable grade 1 retrolisthesis of C5-6 with mild spondylotic		

DATE	FACILITY/	MEDICAL EVENTS	PDF REF	MEDICAL
	PROVIDER	changes and mild to moderate broad based posterior osteophytic disc complex, offset to the left without cord indentation. Stable moderate asymmetric left uncinate hypertrophy and foraminal stenosis. • Stable C3-4 mild central; disc bulge with patent neural foramina bilaterally *Related records: Pdf ref:238*		BILLS
12/17/YYYY	Hospital/ Provider	Follow-up Visit: Chief Complaint: Neck/C-spine problem Cervical spine, MRI review. HPI: Patient is a 63-year-old woman following up today to review the results of an MRI of the cervical spine. She continues to have neck pain and some symptoms extending into the left shoulder. She has participated in rehabilitation services which has included use of traction which she has found helpful. Patient is employed working regular duty. She is a non-smoker. There is no history of previous cervical spine surgery. Review of systems: Positive for anxiety and fatigue Assessment/ Plan: Imaging: MRI of the cervical spine 12/6/YYYY was reviewed and discussed. There is a slight retrolisthesis of C5 on C6 with disc osteophyte complex offset to the left. C3-4 shows mild disc bulge without foraminal stenosis The reading radiologist was able to compare this MRI to an MRI from 5/23/YYYY and there have been no significant interval changes. Assessment: 125. Cervical pain with a myofascial component. There's underlying spondylosis at C5-6 and at C3-4 which may contribute to her overall symptoms. Her symptoms came about following an MVA on 3/23/18 Recommendations: 1. MRI results were discussed and she does not appear to have experienced significant changes to the MRI scan since the March 23, 2018 MVA. We discussed options such as spinal injection procedures and she does not wish to pursue injections at this time 2. Recommended that she add a soft tissue work/massage to address her myofascial pain. She has a home traction unit which she finds helpful so she will continue to use this. Some of the exercises exacerbated her pain and we discussed which ones to eliminate	258-260, 642	\$164.12

DATE	FACILITY/ PROVIDER	MEDICAL EVENTS	PDF REF	MEDICAL BILLS
	INOVIDER	3. Patient expressed understanding of the above and she left today after all concerns were addressed.		DILLO
		Cervical radiculopathy: radiculopathy, cervical region Physical therapy neck referral – Schedule Within: provider's discretion		
		Evaluate & Treat: Cervical spine Visits per Week: 1-2		
		Number of Weeks: 6 Total# of Visits: 12		
		Exercises: Stretching, ROM. Flexibility, Strengthening as appropriate. HEP Modalities: Yes, as needed. Include dry needling as. Appropriate		
		Manual Therapy: Joint and Soft tissue mobilization techniques. And traction		
		Displacement of cervical intervertebral disc without myelopathy: Other cervical disc displacement, unspecified cervical region Cervical disc disease – care instructions		
04/23/YYYY	Hospital/	Related records: Pdf ref:237, 318-320 Follow-up visit:	22-26	N/A
	Provider	History of present illness: Patient words: Patient is here for the physical. The patient is a 63 year old female who presents for a physical exam. General health: feels well with minor complaints (patient with sinus symptoms in last week. Facial pressure, postnasal drip. No coughing. No fevers/chills). The patient's appetite is normal. Nutrition: normal/adequate. Exercises 0 days per week		
		Assessment & Plan: Routine medical exam		
		Impression: EBCT score zero 04/YYYY Seeing Dr. bowen breast specialist utd mammogram/pap/colonoscopy/dexa scheduled		
		Sinusitis: Given duration will treat with Augmentin		
		Reviewers comment: Since this visits is unrelated it's not elaborated in detail		
05/13/YYYY	Hospital/ Provider	Follow-up Visit: Chief Complaint: Neck/C-spine problem	255-257, 642	\$164.12
		Constant neck pain radiates to both shoulders and right elbow, she		

ILITY/ VIDER	MEDICAL EVENTS	PDF REF	MEDICAL BILLS
	ve therapy due to increase pain, she want to		
discuss Celebrex	and another referral for therapy		
HPI • 63-vear.old	I woman following up today due to chronic		
	e notes constant pain in the neck which radiates		
_	ers, right hand and elbow. She was unable to start		
	vices as discussed at her last office visit because		
	cing increased pain. She like to discuss taking		
	would like a new order for therapy. me and she travels significantly with her job, She		
	es adversely affects her symptoms, Pain level is		
	a sharp and aching quality. She improves with		
rest, heat or ice. S	Sitting makes her pain worse.		
Review of system	ns: Positive for arm pain and fatigue		
Physical Exam			
Patient is a 63-ye	ear-old female.		
Cervical exam:			
	d is held in normal posture. There are no obvious rophy or asymmetry.		
	is tenderness to palpation of the paraspinals and		
trapezius muscle	s bilaterally		
	1: Limitation toward end range of rotation and		
sidebending bilat			
Directional pref	erence: None		
Upper extremity	y exam:		
Inspection : No e	vidence of significant skin changes, atrophy or		
asymmetry.			
-	nderness to palpation. 1: Normal motion of the shoulders. Elbows, and		
wrists.	i. Normal motion of the shoulders. Libows, and		
	al muscle testing shows 515 strength throughout		
	groups of the upper extremities.		
_	ensation is intact to light touch throughout the		
	s. Deep tendon reflexes: 2+ biceps, 2+ and 2+ triceps bilaterally.		
	neuvers: Spurling's is negative bilaterally.		
	Distal pulses are Palpable		
	thy: No palpable lymphadenopathy		
Assessment/ Pla	n:		
Imaging:	1 10/2000		
	cal spine 12/6/YYYY was reviewed and		
	is a slight retrolisthesis of C5 on C6 with disc lex offset to the left. C3-4 shows mild disc bulge		
without foramina			
	ologist was able to compare this MRI to an MRI		

Patient Name

DATE	FACILITY/ PROVIDER	MEDICAL EVENTS	PDF REF	MEDICAL BILLS
		from 5/23/YYYY and there have been no significant interval changes.		
		Assessment: 125. Cervical pain with a myofascial component. There's underlying spondylosis at C5-6 and at C3-4 which may contribute to her overall symptoms. Her symptoms came about following an MVA on 3/23/18		
		Recommendations:		
		 New orders for rehabilitation services are provided Celebrex 200mg 1 P.O daily #30, GI precautions discussed)	
		 Recheck in 6 to 8 weeks, sooner if needed All patient questions reviewed and answered 		
		Pain in cervical spine: Cervicalgia Physical therapy neck referral – Schedule Within: provider's discretion		
		Evaluate & Treat: Cervical spine Visits per Week: 1-2		
		Number of Weeks: 6 Total# of Visits: 12		
		Exercises: Stretching, ROM. Flexibility, Strengthening as appropriate. HEP		
		Modalities: Yes, as needed. Include dry needling as. Appropriate		
		Manual Therapy: Joint and Soft tissue mobilization techniques. And traction		
		Celecoxib 200mg capsule- Take 1 capsule every day by oral route. Qty: 30, Refills: 1		
		Related records: Pdf ref:236, 314-317		
05/16/YYYY	Hospital/ Provider	Follow-up visit:	20-21	N/A
	·	History of present illness:		
		Patient words : Patient is here for an f/u visit. She has poison ivy on her bilateral hands. She stated that used hydrocortisone on		
		them. The patient is a 63 year old female who presents with a rash. Note		
		for "Rash": patient woke up this morning and noticed red blisters		
		on hands palms and in lines on some of fingers. Patient put		
		hydrocortisone cream on her hands that really helped. +itchy. Patient was gardening yesterday pulling weeds some. Doesn't think she touched poison ivy although she knows it's in her back		
		yard. No fevers/chills. No joint pains.		

DATE	FACILITY/ PROVIDER	MEDICAL EVENTS	PDF REF	MEDICAL BILLS
		Assessment & Plan: Rash		
		Impression: Contact dermatitis on hands-suspect poison ivy from		
		gardening. Treat with Medrol pack. Call if not resolved.		
		*Reviewers comment: Since this visits is unrelated it's not		
		elaborated in detail*		
06/03/YYYY	Hospital/	Telephone Conversation:	19	N/A
	Provider	A		
		Assessment: Sinus infection		
		Plans: Started Augmentin 875-125mg, 1 tablet BID, #20, 10 days		
		starting 06/03/YYYY, no refill		
07/19/YYYY	Hospital/	Bilateral digital diagnostic mammogram with CAD:	125-126	N/A
	Provider	CH : LITE A		
		Clinical History: Left lumpectomy in 2010.		
		Comparison is made to exams dated: 6/11/YYYY mammogram,		
		6/21/YYYY mammogram, 6/17/YYYY mammogram,		
		6/8/YYYY, mammogram, 5/8/YYYY mammogram, and		
		06/11/YYYY ultrasound – Breast Care Specialists, L.L.C.		
		Both breasts are heterogeneously dense, which may obscure small		
		masses.		
		masses.		
		Current study was evaluated with a Computer Aided Detection		
		(CAD) system.		
		The patient is status post lumpectomy of the left breast in the		
		medial aspect. The left breast has post-operative findings. There		
		are few being appearing calcifications		
		No significant masses, calcifications, or other findings are seen in		
		either breast.		
		Impression. There is no memme graphic avidence of melicanary		
		Impression: There is no mammographic evidence of malignancy or recurrence. A follow-up mammogram in 12 months is		
		recommended.		
05/18/YYYY	Hospital/	Pharmacy bills:	2-3	\$1.06
	Provider			
		Medications		
		*Reviewers comment: The record of the following date are		
		unavailable for review*		
02/12/YYYY	Hospital/	Pharmacy bills:	6-7	\$21.87
	Provider			
		Medications		
		*Reviewers comment: The record of the following date are		
		*Reviewers comment: The record of the following date are		

DATE	FACILITY/ PROVIDER	MEDICAL EVENTS	PDF REF	MEDICAL BILLS
		unavailable for review*		
03/13/YYYY - 09/23/YYYY	Hospital/ Provider	Pharmacy bills: Medications	8-14	\$7957.03
		*Reviewers comment: Upon review, we have found that there are pharmacy bills available for many dates under CVS pharmacy. However, only few of the visits are available for review.		

Other records:

Others, Law firm, Affidavit, Orders, Consents: Pdf ref: 350-355, 1, 15-18, 108-124, 130-136, 185, 218-227, 247-250, 299, 309, 311-314, 331, 357-359, 454-455, 461, 549-551, 555, 469-470, 473-475, 485-486, 494-497, 513-514, 577, 581-582, 585, 588-591, 595, 601-603, 612, 617-618, 462

Medical bills: Pdf ref: 2-14, 620-634, 636-642

Echocardiogram: Pdf ref: 127, 139, 174-175, 177, 215

Referral report: Pdf ref: 227-235, 390, 400, 548, 448-451

Patient information: Pdf ref: 242

Patient education: Pdf ref: 300-302, 488, 518, 523, 528, 530, 540, 558-559

Blank Pages: Pdf ref: 327, 635

Labs: Pdf ref: 367-368, 370-371, 373, 128-129, 213, 193-196, 161-165

Medications: Pdf ref: 360-366, 564

Flow sheet: Pdf ref: 593, 587, 584, 580, 576

Poor quality: Pdf ref: 463-467, 487, 515-516, 524, 563, 579

Reviewer's Comments: All the significant details are included in the chronology. These records have been reviewed and do not contain any significant information. Hence not elaborated.